

KILLOWEN.

- 1610 to 1682. Killowen was held with Garrivoe, q. v.
1682. August 23. DANIEL LORD, A.M., is admitted R. Garrivoe et Killowen, and on 24th August, R. V. Murragh, and V. Desertserges. [F.F.] He resigned Garrivoe in 1683, but retained Killowen until 1704. In 1683, Sept. 6, he was again admitted to Killowen. [F.F.] "Killowen is said to be part of Murragh." [V.B. 1699. D.D.] *Vide* Murragh.
1705. July 16. RICHARD GOODMAN, R. Killowen. [F.F.] He appears 1705 to 1736, July 14. [V.B. D.R.] In 1718 he became P. Desertmore, q. v.
1737. June 1. Vacant per mortem RICHARD GOODMAN. [V.B. D.R.]
- 1737/8. January 19. THOMAS BARRY, A.M., is instituted to R. Killowen, als Killowen. [D.R.]
He appears 1738 to 1749. [V.B. D.R.]
Thomas Barry (brother to Sir Edward, the father of John, P. Desertmore), was son to Edward Barry, M.D., and was born in Cork, and educated by Rev. Edmund Molloy. When eighteen years old, he entered T.C.D. as a Pensioner, on 9th July, 1729, and in 1733 obtained a Scholarship.
He was ordained Deacon on 1st of June, and Priest on 27th of July, 1735, by the Bishop of Cork.
In 1735 he was made a Vicar Choral, and in 1737, R. Killowen, both which appointments he held at his death. He was killed by a fall from his horse on 19th May, 1749, and was buried on 20th of May, in the church-yard of St. Mary, Shandon. He held also, in 1742, the curacy of Killaspugmulane.
1749. June 2. ST. JOHN BROWNE, LL.D., R. Killowen, als Killowen. [F.F.] On presentation (of May 20, 1749) of Gerald, Lord Baron of Kinsale. [D.R.] Browne was also P. Kilbrogan, q. v. He died in 1796.
1796. June 4. WILLIAM NOBLE, R. Killowen, and V. Holy Trinity. [F.F.] He was presented to Killowen by John, Lord Kinsale. [D.R.] *Vide* the V. Holy Trinity for Noble.
1799. July 5. HON. THOMAS DE COURCY, A.B., R. Killowen and Garrivoe [F.F.]; to Killowen by resignation of Noble; and to Garrivoe by resignation of Richard Meade; to both on presentation of John, Lord Kinsale. [D.R.] *Vide* Garrivoe.
1830. Protestant population, 18.
1832. May 22. JOHN STEWART, R. Killowen, on presentation of John Meade and John Newman Spiller, esqrs. trustees to late Lord Kinsale. [D.R.] Stewart resigned on 27th April, 1840, for Templetrine, q. v.
1837. Killowen, a rectory, with cure, $\frac{3}{4}$ of an Irish mile long by $\frac{3}{4}$ broad, containing 1,260A. Gross population, 432. No

- Curate employed. Tithe composition, £140 12s. 9d. No glebe-house. Incumbent is non-resident from inability of obtaining accommodation; he resides at Bandon, and pays the sum of £21 a year for house rent. No church. Divine service is celebrated once on all Sundays and on the great festivals in a private dwelling-house. The sacrament is administered twelve times in the year. The benefice is a rectory. [Parl. Rep.]
1840. October 17. RICHARD THOMAS MEADE, A.B., R. Killowen, (on presentation of the same patrons as those in 1832), dated 5th October, 1840. [D.R.] Meade, in 1856, became R. Templetrine, q. v.
1849. August 31. A new church and church-yard were consecrated, the church under the name of St. John. [D.R.]
1856. July 9. JOHN PRATT, R. Killowen, on presentation of Lord Kinsale, dated 14th June, 1856. [D.R.] His Lordship gave his turn of nomination to the Bishop.
In 1858 Pratt became R. Kilnagross, Ross, q. v.
1858. Sept. 6. ROBERT WILLIAM DELACOUR, R. Killowen, on presentation of Lord Kinsale, dated 3rd August, 1858. The net value is £94 19s. 6d. [D.R.]
1860. The church in order. A glebe-house and five acres of glebe in Rector's use. Rev. James Smith is Curate. Divine service twice on all Sundays, and on the usual holidays. Sacrament monthly and at festivals; average of communicants, 29. About 27 children attend a Church Education Society school. The Protestant population is 60. The rentcharge is £105 9s. 6d. The land is worth £5. Total value, £110 9s. 6d. per an., with residence.
R. W. Delacour (son of James Delacour, esq. of Mallow), was ordained in 1846.
He married Eliza, dau. of Frederick Hyde, esq. of Holly-wood, county Kerry, and has issue.
-
- KILMICHAEL.
1591. Rectoria Sci Michaelis spectat ad prebend de Kilbrogan. Vic. ibm DERMIGIUS LONGE, Thesaurarius. [MS. T.C.D.E. 3. 14.]
1615. RANDOLPH HOLLAND appears as V. Kilmichael. "Kilmighell. Abbas de Antro rector. Richus Boyle, miles, firmarius. Vicarius Randol Holland, Studens in Collegio. Val. £6 13s. 4d. Ecclia repata. Cancellata ruinata." [R.V. R.I.A.] Holland, in 1623, became P. Killanully, q. v.
1629. Sept. 9. EDWARD CLERKE, A.M., is admitted V. Kinneigh and Kilmichael, united by Bishop to Deanery of Cloyne. [R.V. 1634.] For Clerke, *vide* Deans of Cloyne.

1634. R. de Kilmichael spectat ad Abb. de Antro et Mourne. Cormack Donogh Carty, firmarius. Val. IV li. per an. Vic. ibm Edward Clerke. Val. IV li. per an. [R.V. 1634.]

1639. V. Edward Clerke. It is also marked vacant. Curate, Richard Burden. "Ecclia non bene, habent ornamenta." [V.B. D.R.]

1640. Oct. 2. EDWARD WORTH, V. de Kilmichael. [F.F.] In 1644 he was Dean of Cork, q. v.

1640 (circa). THOMAS HENSEY, V. Kilmichael and Kinneigh. [F.F.]

1663. Sept. 26. GEORGE SYNGE, V. Kilmichael and Inchigula, per litteras patentes Regis, studendi gratia, in collatione Epi. [V.B. D.R. 1669.]

In 1674 he became also P. Kilbrogan, q. v.

1677. SAMUEL SYNGE appears as V. Kilmichael and Inchigeelah. [V.B. D.R.] He is also P. Dromdaleague, q. v.

1679. June 10. CORNELIUS HIGNETT, A.M., V. Kilmichael and Inchigeelah, and P. Dromdaleague. [F.F.] In 1706 he was also Chancellor of Ross, q. v.

1699. Some few English there. No church. Ought there not to be care taken that divine service be performed there sometimes? No churchwardens nor parish clerk. [V.B. 1699. D.D.] "On the north of Fanlobbus lye Kilmichael and Inchigeelah in a coarse country. The people are all Irish, except one or two families. No church nor divine service." [Downes' Tour.]

1727/8. Feb. 1. PETER WATERHOUSE, R. and V. Kilmichael and Inchigeelah, per mort. Hignett. He is again admitted 1st January, 1732. [D.R.] In 1730 he was also Precentor of Cork, q. v.

1728. April 23. Edmund Barrett renounces Popery in the parish church of Kilmichael. [D.R.]

1750. April 19. PATRICK ELMSLEY, A.M., R. and V. Kilmichael and Inchigeelah, per mort. Waterhouse. [D.R.] *Vide* Inchigeelah.

1755. April 25. THOMAS BROWNE, A.M., R. V. Kilmichael, per mortem Elmsley. [D.R.]

In 1757 Browne became Precentor of Cork, q. v.

1757. November 5. THOMAS WATERHOUSE, A.M., R. V. Kilmichael, per cession of Browne. [D.R.]

In 1762 Waterhouse became Precentor of Cork, q. v.

1762. May 13. EDWARD KENNY, A.B., R. V. Kilmichael, per cession of Waterhouse. [D.R.] Kenny was P. Inskenny, q. v.

1777. December 17. THOMAS BREVITOR, A.M., R. V. Kilmichael and Macloneigh. [F.F.] In 1784 he became R. Carrigaline, q. v.

1778. August 15. Kilmichael and Macloneigh parishes are united for ever by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council, with consent of the Archbishop of Cashel and of the Bishop of Cork, and on the petition of Brevitor, who states that there is but one church in the episcopal union of Kilmichael and Mac-

cloneigh, in the parish of Kilmichael; and no glebe-house in either. He states the value of Kilmichael to be £250, and of Macloneigh to be £150, and says he intends to build on Macloneigh glebe. [D.R.]

1784. Dec. 4. The Bishop certifies for improvements on the glebe, £120 3s. 3d. The yearly value of the benefice is £388. Brevitor's memorial to build was dated 17th July, 1778. He did not expend much on the house, as his successor had to build a new residence.

1784. Feb. 18. GEORGE SACKVILLE COTTER, A.M., R. V. Kilmichael and Macloneigh. [D.R.] In 1797 he became R. Igtermurragh, Cloyne, q. v.

In Feb. 1791, Cotter memorials for permission to build a new house on a different part of the glebe of Macloneigh. The Bishop certifies, on 3rd Feb. 1797, that Cotter expended on such house £509 17s. 4d., that the glebe at Macloneigh is worth £80, and that the tithes of Kilmichael and Macloneigh are worth £350. [D.R.]

1797. June 20. ROBERT WARREN, R. V. Kilmichael and Macloneigh. [F.F.]

1799. January 11. Robert Warren memorials for liberty to erect a barn and offices, and the Bishop approves same day. In 1803, 25th April, a commission to value issues, and the Bishop, on Sept. 23, 1805, certifies that Warren expended £697 3s. 6d.; the yearly value of the benefice being £700 per an. [D.R.]

Robert Warren (fourth son of the first baronet SIR ROBERT WARREN, of Warren's Court, county Cork), was ordained Deacon at Cloyne, by letters dimissory from Cork on 29th September, 1786, and Priest at Cloyne, also on letters from Cork, on 1st August, 1790.

On 28th October, 1791, he was licensed to the curacy of Aglish, &c., and from 1797 to his death in 1829 was R. V. Kilmichael. In 1799 he seems to have held also the curacy of Magourney.

He married Margaret, dau. of Kingsmill Pennefather, M.P. for Cashel, and by her had issue, Rev. Robert (R. Cannaway, q. v.), and Richard, M.D., who married Margaret, dau. of William Pennefather.

1829. December 2. RICHARD JEPHSON ROTHE, A.B., R. V. Kilmichael and Macloneigh. [D.R.]

1830. Protestant population, 107.

1837. Oct. 2. Rothe memorials for liberty to renew the roof of the glebe-house at Macloneigh, at cost of £232, which sum a commission returns as duly expended on 11th June, 1839. [D.R.]

1837. Kilmichael union, 10 miles long by 6 broad, with cure, consisting of:—1. Kilmichael, part of rectory and vicarage, 6 miles long by 6 broad. 2. Macloneigh rectory, 4 miles

long by 3 broad. The union contains 23,713A. Gross population, 7,686. No Curate employed. Tithe composition of Kilmichael parish belonging to Incumbent, £692 6s. 2d.; 7A. of glebe in said parish, valued at 25s. per acre, £8 15s. Tithe composition of Macloneigh parish, £250; 48A. of glebe in said parish, valued at 25s. per acre, £60; subject to visitation fees, 18s. 4d.; diocesan schoolmaster, £1 2s. 9d. Kilmichael glebe-house built under the old Acts in 1784, at the cost of £111 7s. 7¼d. Brit., the dwelling-house being then thatched. A new glebe-house erected on a new site in 1797, at a certified charge of £470 12s. 11¼d. Brit.; and a further expenditure of £643 10s. 11d., made under certificate of improvements in 1805. The present Incumbent is third in succession from the original builder; and having paid his predecessor's executors £889 16s. 11d., on account of the building and improvement charges, he will be entitled to receive about £553 16s. 11d. from his successor. Incumbent is resident in the glebe-house. The rectorial, or one-half of the tithes of 13,500 plan. acres in Kilmichael parish, compounded for £273 5s. 8d. are inappropriate, and belong to the Duke of Devonshire; the remaining half of these tithes, and the whole tithes of the rest of the parish belong to Incumbent. One church, in which there is divine service once on all Sundays, and on Christmas Day and Good Friday. The sacrament is administered monthly. [Parl. Rep.]

Richard Jephson Rothe (son of George Abraham Rothe, by Salisbury, dau. of Lorenzo H. Jephson, esq. of county Tipperary; which George-Abraham was eldest son of Richard Rothe, of Mountrath, county Kilkenny, by Catherine D'Alton; which Richard, last named, was eldest son of Michael Rothe, esq. of Butler's Grove, who died circa 1746), was from 1827 to 1829, P. Killanully, and from 1829 to his death on 26th April, 1846, R. Kilmichael.

He married on 18th October, 1830, Letitia (dau. of Thomas St. Lawrence, Bishop of Cork), who died in 1833, bequeathing to her husband her lands in East Carbury, county Cork.

1846. May 23. HENRY FITZALLEN MCCLINTOCK, R. V. Kilmichael and Macloneigh; certified value, £713 14s. 5d. [D.R.]

1846. July 25. A commission finds £155 19s. 10d. to be the amount of dilapidations against Rothe's representatives. [D.R.]

1860. One church and a glebe-house: 48A. of glebe in Rector's use. Divine service once on Sundays and the usual holidays; evening service in the glebe-house. Sacrament monthly; average of communicants, 17. 11 children attend the parish school. The Protestant population is 46. The rentcharge of Kilmichael is £519 4s. 7d., of Macloneigh, £187 10s. The glebe of Kilmichael is worth £8 15s., and that of Mac-

cloneigh is worth £60. Total value of benefice, £775 9s. 7d. with residence.

H. F. M'Clintock (eldest son of the late Alexander M'Clintock, R. Glanbarrahan, Ross, q. v.), was from 1835 to 1846, V. Ballymodan.

KILMOCAMOGUE.

1550. May 14. McDermot O'Mulriane, of Kilmocowoge, Clerk, is pardoned. [Morrin. Pat. Rot. 4th Edw. VI.]
1591. E. de Kilmochomog als Killmachumocke spectat ad Ab. Scē Catherine Waterford. Vicaria vacat. [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.]
1612. 10th James I. GIBSON is presented to V. Kilmacconock, dioc. Cork. [Lib. Mun.]
1615. R. Kilmacmoge spectat ad Eccliam Katherinæ Waterfordensis. Vicarius ibm Gawinus Gibson, minister legens et inserviens cura. Valor 5 li. Ecclia in repatione, cancella ruinata. [R.V. R.I.A.]
1627. May 20. MARCUS PAGETT, V. de Kilmacomoge. [F.F.] He was afterwards Dean of Ross, q. v.
1634. R. Kilmacomoge spectat ad monasterium Stæ Katherinæ Waterford. Comes Corke firmarius. Val. 20 li. per an. Vicarius ibm Marcus Pagett. Val. 20 li. per an. [R.V. 1634.]
1639. R. Kilmocamoge Baro de Esmond. Vicarius Marcus Pagett. Curatus WM. BIRD. Ecclesia bene. [V.B. D.R.]
- 16—? THOMAS BARHAM, V. Kilmocamoge and Kilcroghane, and Durrus, q. v.
1663. Sept. 22. THOMAS HOLMES, V. Kilmocamoge, V. Durrus, and Kilcrohane, vacant by death of Thomas Barham. [V.B. D.R. 1669.]
- "1699. Kilmacomogue joins to Caharagh, about two miles before we come to Bantry, and lyes westward of Caharagh; the church stood three miles to the north-east of Bantry; 'tis ruinous; there is a cabin built on purpose for a chapel in Bantry; 75 plowlands and 8 gneeves in the parish of Kilmacomoge; about 150 persons usually at church in Bantry; three Sundays in four Mr. Holmes preaches in Pantry; the fourth Sunday he preaches in Captain Evanson's house, at Four-mile-water, in the parish of Durrus. Kilmacomoge being 3 plowlands, belongs to the See of Corke, set for £12; well set; and Innishbegelary, an island, set for £14, is worth about £35 per an. The 3 plowlands of Kilmacomoge are better land than the land about it, but 'tis small measure. The rectory of Kilmacomoge belongs to St. Catherine's Abby, of Waterford."

"Kilcroghan lyes to the south-west of Bantry, about five

miles, at the nearest, and about twelve miles at the furthest part distant from Bantry; no church, nor Protestants. Kileroghan, 3 plowlands, belonging to the see of Corke, worth at least £20 per an., is set to Sir Richard Hull for £5 per an.; the land is better than the other land in that parish; indifferent measure. The rectory of Kileroghan belongs to St. Catherine's, Waterford, except the rectory of the 3 plowlands of Kileroghan, which belongs to the Earl of Cork."

"Anno. 1699. Most part of the parish of Kileroghan is the joynture of Mrs. Peyton; the estate belongs to the Hulls for the most part. The greatest part of the barony of Bere and Bantry is the estate of the Earl of Anglesey; Mr. Davys has an estate about Bantry and Whidy Island worth about £500 per an., out of which he pays a chiefry to the Earl of Anglesey of £100 per an., and quit rent £150 per an. The parish of Durrows lyes close to the town of Bantry, to the south, and Kileroghan to the south of Durrows, they both lye betwixt Bantry bay and Dunmanus bay. There was a chappel of ease in the parish of Durrows, near Bantry, before the year 1641. Bantry bay runs about twenty miles up into the land. Bantry town stands within three miles of the highest part of the Bay. Mointer-Vary, in the parish of Kileroghan, is the lowest point on the east side of the mouth of the Bay, and Great Island opposite to it on the west. The Bay runs from the sea to the north-east. Barracks for one company of foot are building at Bantry. Durrows and Kileroghan are united pro hac vice to Kilmacomoge. Some Protestants in Durrows; three Sundays in four Mr. Holmes preaches at Bantry, the fourth Sunday he preaches at Four-mile-water for the parish of Kileroghan and the adjacent parts of Durrows. No divine service in any place westward of Bantry within less than twelve miles, in Kerry, at Glanerought. The ruins of an abbey lie within quarter of a mile of Bantry. Two little schools kept in Bantry; 31 plowlands in the parish of Durrows. The Earl of Corke has the moiety of the tythes of 12 plowlands; the Vicar has the remainder of all the tythes; the Vicar's share is worth about £30 per annum; 30 small plowlands in Kileroghan parish; the rectory belongs to the Abbey of St. Catherine's, Waterford, the estate of Sir Ellis Layton; the lease of this, from the King, expired in the Earl of Essex's time, and was then renewed by Sir Ellis Layton; only the rectory of the three plowlands of Kileroghan belongs to the Earl of Corke."

"The vicarage is worth about £16 per annum; Bantry bay runs from the sea to the north-east above 20 miles into the land; it branches itself into little creeks: on one of them stands Bantry or Oldtown; on another, Newtown; on another, Ballilicky; on another, the Snave. The bay is generally about a league broad. About a mile below Bantry are four or five

little islands, as Horse Island, Hog Island, Cony Island, &c. Whidy Island is about 2 miles from Bantry, very good land; about 1,000 English acres are set for about £80 per an. by Mr. Davys to Mr. Bemish; frost seldom continues, nor snow on this island; the biggest ships may come on the west of Whidy with safety. Berehaven side of the bay is coarse rocky mountain, hardly passable; there the cane apples, or Arbutus, grow on the sides of the most steep and rocky mountains. A river runs down a steep side of the hill; springs generally on the tops of the hills, and bogs on the tops of the rocky mountains; Pilchers were taken generally in this bay heretofore; few of late. Beds of escalops about the Horse Island, they are large.

	Plowlands.	Gneeves.
Kilmacomoge,	75	8
Durrus,	11	2
Kilcaskane,	10	6
Killaghaninagh,	74	3
Killmannah,	9	9
Killkatiern,	14	3

"The whole charge on the barony of Bere and Bantry for the half year's land tax, £88 19s. 11d.

"Charge on the tythe, £8 19s. 11d.

"Charge on the barony, deducting the tythe, £80.

"Each plowland pays, half-yearly, 8s. 2½d.

"In the parish of Kilmacomoge the Irish observe Macomoge's day as a festivall, and generally each parish observes a patron day; and in the whole diocess of Corke generally the Irish observe St. Finbarry's day as a festivall. In the whole diocess of Rosse the Irish observe St. Faughnan's day as a festivall. The parish of Kilmacomoge is worth about £30 per an. to Mr. Holmes.

"The Bay of Bantry is a good harbour; ships of great burden, of a thousand tuns, may come within Whidy Island; no shallows nor hidden rocks in the bay. The French men-of-war, being above 20, came into the bay in 1689. The ships laden with ammunition, &c., came up to the bay. The English and French men-of-war engag'd betwixt Great Island and Mointer-vary." [Downes' Tour.]

From 1663 to 1769 Kilmocamoge was held with Durrus, q. v.

1769. March 14. JOHN KENNEY, A.M., V. Kilmocamoge, Durrus, and Kileroghan. [F.F.] In 1796 he was P. Kilbrogan, q. v.

In 1793, April 16, Kenney resigned Durrus, Kileroghan, and in 1796 he resigned Kilmocamoge.

1792. November 27. An order was made by the Lord Lieutenant and Privy Council to change the site of the church of Kilmocamoge and Durrus. [Lib. Mun.]

1796. May 4. CHARLES SMITH, A.B., V. Kilmocamoge. [F.F.]

1814. July 9. Lord Bantry leases for ever to the Vicar about 20 plantation acres of the lands of Cappanology for a glebe, at the annual rent of £147 7s. 9d.; and on 3rd August, 1814, the Bishop receives a memorial and estimate for a house on said glebe, at cost of £1,390 10s. 9d. for house, and £639 10s. 6d. for offices. On 27th Sept., 1816, the Bishop certifies the yearly value to be £1,200 12s. 6d., and Smith's expenditure to be £2,902; from which latter sum the loan of £1,500 from First Fruits being deducted, the charge on benefice is fixed at £901 5s. [D.R.]

1815. Oct. 23. Richard, Earl of Bantry, grants for ever two roods and thirteen perches of land in Bantry for a church-yard and site of new church. On 13th July, 1816, an order is obtained from Privy Council to change the site.

Charles Smith was ordained Deacon on 24th August, 1784, at Cork, and Priest on 5th December, same year, at Cloyne.

He was licensed to the curacy of Castlemartyr, on 22nd Nov., 1784, and held that curacy in 1786.

From 1784 to 1796 he was R. V. Cannaway, and from 1796 to his death in 1825, was V. Kilmocamoge.

He married, firstly, Elisabeth Forsayeth; and, secondly, in 1790, Jane Kenah, of Igtermurragh. He left issue John, his eldest son, and Rev. Godfrey C. C. W. Smith, his youngest son (R. Kinneigh, q. v.), besides 3 daughters, Margaret, Ellen, and Alicia, wife of Rev. John Murphy, Treasurer of Cork, q. v.

1825. March 10. HENRY EVANS SADLER, A.B., V. Kilmocamoge. [D.R.] In 1849 he became P. Ballyhay, Cloyne, q. v.

1830. Protestant population, 948.

1837. Kilmocamogue: a vicarage, with cure; 14 miles long by 12 broad, containing 56,910A.; gross population, 14,483; one Curate employed, at a stipend of £75 per annum; tithe composition, £625; 10 acres of glebe let for £10; 32½ acres of glebe in Incumbent's occupation, rented at four guineas per acre, £135 9s., subject to visitation fees, 7s. 8d.; diocesan schoolmaster, 18s. Kilmocamogue glebe-house built under the new Acts, in 1816, at a cost of £2,307 13s. 10½d. Brit., whereof £1,384 12s. 3¼d. was granted in way of loan, and £92 6s. 1¾d. in that of gift by the late Board of First Fruits, and the residue of £830 15s. 4¾d. was supplied out of the private funds of the builder, to whom the present Incumbent is next in succession; and having paid his predecessor's representatives the entire of the sum last named, he will be entitled to receive £623 1s. 6½d. from his successor on account thereof. Of the loan aforesaid there remained £817 9s. 4d. chargeable on the benefice in 1832, repayable by annual instalments of £45 9s. 2d. Incumbent is constantly resident in the glebe-house. Exclusive of the

monies aforesaid, the builder is reported to have expended £369 4s. 7½d. on the glebe-house, without having any charge on his successor for the repayment of any portion thereof. One church, capable of accommodating 500 persons, built in 1818, at the cost of £1,938 9s. 2¾d. Brit., whereof £1,384 12s. 3¼d. was granted in way of loan by the late Board of First Fruits, and the residue of £553 16s. 11d. was raised by private subscriptions. Of the loan aforesaid there remained £1,023 10s. 2d. chargeable on the parish in 1832, repayable by annual instalments of £48 14s. 8d. Divine service is celebrated in the church twice on all Sundays, and on the principal festivals, as also in a private house, four miles from the church, on Sunday mornings, and at the glebe-house on Sunday evenings. Service is also performed in the church on all Thursdays, and a lecture is delivered in a part of the parish remote from the church on every Wednesday evening. The sacrament is administered monthly, and on Christmas Day. The rectorial tithes of this parish, compounded for £561 15s., are inappropriate, and belong to the Earl of Donoughmore. [Parl. Rep.]

1840. May 12. HON. CHARLES BRODRICK BERNARD, A.M., V. Kilmocamoge. [D.R.] In 1842 he became P. Kilbrogan, q. v.

1842. July 2. JOHN MURPHY, A.B., V. Kilmocamoge. [D.R.] In 1861 he became Treasurer of Cork, q. v.

1860. The outside wall of the church requires repairs, and is very unsightly. The church was built about 1818. It is oblong, with tower, in which is a porch, and with vestry, but without transepts or spire. The interior was completely altered in 1859, and was fitted with benches. There is a gallery at the west end. A font of Bath stone (octangular, 3 feet 2 inches high, and 2 feet 2 inches at its greatest breadth) was given by the EARL OF BANTRY, who erected also at the east end a stained-glass memorial window, in memory of the late COUNTESS OF BANTRY, his deceased wife, to whom is inscribed a mural monument on the north wall of the church. The west end window was also fitted with stained glass by the present LORD BANTRY. There is a glebe-house and 32½ acres of glebe in Vicar's use. There are two other glebes, one of 8 the other of 4 acres, in remote parts of the parish, which are let to tenants. Divine service twice on all Sundays, &c. Sacrament monthly, and at festivals; average of communicants, 45; 66 children are on the rolls of the schools, which are aided by the Church Education Society.

The Curate is Rev. A. B. Wilson. The Protestant population is 396. The rentcharge is £468 15s. There are 43 acres of land, worth £75 per an., but as the enormous rent of £135 9s. has to be paid to Lord Bantry for 32½ acres of the glebe, the Vicar suffers an annual loss of £60 9s. by their occupation.

The Vicar also pays £15 yearly to the Curate of Glengariffe, q. v. His income, after these outgoings, may be set down as £393, with residence.

1861. January 17. RICHARD CHARLES FAULKNER, A.B., V. Kilmocamoge. [D.R.]

Mr. Faulkner was ordained in 1847. From 1851 to 1861 he was licensed Curate of Middleton. He was educated at Portora Royal School, Enniskillen.

He married Mary (dau. of Abraham Chatterton, esq., of Cork, by Jane, dau. of Rev. Fitzgerald Tisdall, R. Kilmoe, q. v.), and has issue.

KILMOE.

1581. Sept. 4. DERMITIUS M'CORMUCK MACARTY, R. Kilmoe. "Idem (Epus) contulit unam Rectoriarum Ecclesie St. Brandain de Kilmo, viz., Rectoriam in feodo Ecclesiastico dno dermitio M'Cormuck Macarty, presbitero, 4^o Septembris, 1581. Inductus est quasi in poem eodem die per Phil. Gold." [D.R.]

1591. CORNELIUS O'SULLIVAN appears as V. de Kilmoe. "Rectoria de Kilmo spectat ad Colleg. de Youghell. Cornelius O'Sullivan, vicarius de Kilmo et vicarius de Skull et vicarius de Durrus, interdicatur donec probavit se promot. ad sacros ordines." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.]

1615. THOMAS WAY appears as Vicar. "Kilmoe: Rector Collegium de Youghell. Vicarius ibi Thomas Way, Minister et predicator, inserviens curie. Valor 8 li." [R.V. R.I.A.] 1634. Rectoria de Kilmoe in fundo spectat ad Coll. de Youghall. Val. XX li. per an. Rector in feodo Ecclesiastico est Thomas Way, predicator. Val. 20 li. per an. Comes. Corke est patronus. [R.V. 1634.] Way is also V. Scull, q. v.

1619. August 18. DERMITIUS O'COGHLAN, V. de Kilmoe. [F.F.] But the date given in R. V. of 1634, is 3rd July, 1619, and inducted 29th November, 1619.

1634. Vicarius de Kilmoe Dermot O'Coughlan, predicator. Epus confert. Val. 20 li. per an. [R.V. 1634.] O'Coughlan is still Vicar in 1639. "Ecclesia bene, desunt singula." [V.B. 1639.]

Dermitius O'Coughlan, diaconus, was ordained Priest by John, Bishop of Cork, on 6th December, 1618.

Dermitius O'Coughlan, or Coughlan, is said to have been Incumbent in 1641, when he was driven to England by the wars, and died in that kingdom. His son, Thadeus, was father of Dermitius Coughlan, whose relict, Sarah, aged about 80, is mentioned in some law case of Rev. Paul Limerick, R.

Kilmoe, temp. 1723. [Nichols' Topographer, vol. II. pp. 344 to 356.]

1637. March 3. GEORGE HORSEY is presented to V. Kilmowe. [Lib. Mun.] In 1638 he became Dean of Ross, q. v.

1639. April 29. JOHN STANHOP is presented to R. Kilmowe, dioc. Cork. [Lib. Mun.]

1663/4. January 29. JOHN EVELAYE, Dean of St. Faghanan, Ross, is presented to the Rectory and Vicarage of Kilmoe, dioc. Cork. [Lib. Mun.] He was instituted on 15th June, 1664. [F.F.] *Vide Deans of Ross.*

1666. Kilmoe and Scull are vacant. [V.B. D.R.]

1667. May 15. HENRY PARR, R. V. Kilmoe and Scull, per resignacion Johis Eveleigh. Rectorie sunt in presentatione Regis, vicarie in collatione Episcopi. [V.B. 1669, D.R.] On letters patent. [Lib. Mun.] He became on same day R. V. Creagh, in Ross. [F.F.] Parr appears as R. and V. from 1667 to 1674. [V.B. D.R.]

Parr was also Precentor of Ross, q. v.

1674/5. April 23. JOHN EVELEIGH, Vicar Kilmoe and Scull. [F.F.] He appears in 1675. [V.B. D.R.]

1675. June 30. WILLIAM HULL, Rector de Kilmoe and Scull. [F.F.] On letters patent of June 3. [Lib. Mun.] He appears as Rector from 1675 to 1722. [V.B. D.R.]

Hull was Treasurer of Ross, q. v.

1676. May 26. JOHN GIBSON, Vicar de Kilmoe and Scull. [F.F.] He appears 1677 to 1691 as Vicar. [V.B. D.R.]

1692. Sept. 6. WALTER BRUCE, A.M., Vicar Kilmoe and Scull, per cess. of John Gibson. [D.R.] He appears 1692 to 1699 as Vicar. [V.B. D.R.] Bruce was a Vicar Choral of Ross from 1686 to 1688.

1699. Feb. 13. JOHN VYSE, Vicar Kilmoe and Scull, per mortem Walter Bruce. [D.R.] He appears as Vicar in 1704. [V.B. D.R.]

John Vyse, licentus e Jesu Coll. Cambridge, was ordained Deacon at Cork on 20th September, 1696, and Priest at Cork on 20th March, 1697. From August, 1699, to the end of that year, he was a Vicar Choral of Cork. From 1699 to 1704 he was V. Kilmoe and Scull.

"1699. Skull parish, about 50 plowlands, the rectory being half the tythes; the Vicar has the other half, and the glebe and bookmoney. The vicaridge is worth about £40 per an.; the rectory is worth about £32 per an. In this parish, and in other parishes that lie on the sea, the Rector and Vicar agree as well as they can with the fishermen for the tytle of fish, sometimes 40s. for a sain, and sometimes 5s.; sometimes 10s. per boat for hook fishing. Half the tyth is paid by those that come out of other parishes; the other half is paid in the parish where the fishermen dwell."

"1699. Kilmoe parish, 25 plowlands. The rectory being half the tythes, is worth about £16 per an.; the vicaridge being the other half of the tythes, and the glebe and bookmony, is worth about £20 per an."

"On Munday, the 3rd of June, 1700, I left Skibbareen, and went to Skull that night. I lodg't at Mr. Bruce's house, at Derrineha, near Skull. Skull parish extends six miles eastward from the church, and to the west about three miles. The church walls are standing, and good, made of stone and lime, 84 foot long and 24 broad. It stands near the center of the parish. June 4th, 1700. An act of vestry was made for raising 12s. off each plowland for the repairs of the parish church. In this parish are the ruins of a chappel, near Dunmanus Castle, called Kilkanget. 84 plowlands are in this parish. 3 Sundays in 4 divine service at Skull in a house; the 4th Sunday at a house in Kilmoe parish. The 12 plowlands of Skull belong to the Bishop of Corke; they lie round the church. These lands extend a mile and a-half from the church, towards the north, and take in part of Mount Gabriel. These 12 plowlands include Castle Island, the Middie and West Calves, and Carthy's Island, all which are in the parish of Skull. These 12 plowlands are as good as any thereabouts, but they are small measure.

"The bay that goes up to Ballidehob is called Loughtrasnah. John Prouce, a good old man, is the parish clerk of this parish and Kilmoe. There are about 4 Protestant families in this parish, and about 400 Papist families. Daniel Carthy is Popish Priest of the eastern part of this parish; he has been here ever since before the late troubles. No glebe in this parish. No registry-book, nor Bible, nor Common Prayer-book. A silver chalice and plate, the gift of Mr. Hull, the Rector, are in the hands of Mr. Randolph Warner. The Bishop of Corke, Colonel Beecher, Earl of Castlehaven, Mr. Hull and the Earl of Corke have the lands of this parish; and Mr. Sullivan, a Protestant. Mr. Hull, Mr. Bennett, Dan O'Hea, Armiger How, and Anthony Allen, live in this parish. Mount Gabriel, in the parish of Skull, is a haunt of wolves; there are no trees nor shelter, except rocks and bogs. It is the highest hill in those parts, only Hungry Hill and other hills in Beerhaven are higher. From the top of Mount Gabriel we saw Dunmanus bay, the lands of the town of Kileroghan, beyond Dunmanus bay, and also Bantry bay, with the hills of Beerhaven. We saw also from thence Ballineskellix Islands, in Kerry. Mr. Bennet saies he has heard that the Bishop of Corke has some estate thereabouts. On the Skellix, the gannet, as big as a goose, breeds. There is a small lough on the top of Mount Gabriel. From the rocks of Derrinetragh we saw Castle Island, belonging to the Bishop of Corke. It lies to the S. a mile from shore; the

tenant pays to Mr. Hull for it £8 per an. There is an old Irish castle on it. Beyond Castle Island lies Carthy's Island, and the Three Calves, good land, belonging to the Bishop of Corke. From the same rocks we saw Horse Island, belonging to the Countess of Castlehaven; the West Inniskeanes, good land, belonging to the Bishop of Corke; the East Inniskeanes and Hare Island, forfeited lately by Coppinger, and granted to Dr. Lesley; Cape Clear and Shirkin, belonging to Colonel Beecher; Long Island, belonging to the Earl of Corke; and Goat Island, belonging to Mr. Hull. There is a high steep rock in the sea, called the Fastnet, which, with Cape Clear's western point and Crookhaven, make an equilateral triangle, each side three leagues. The shore on these parts is all rocky. The O'Mahons had above 100 plowlands formerly in this country."

"Tuesday, June 3, 1700. After prayers in the church of Skull, I confirmed about 40 persons that came out of the parishes of Skull and Kilmoe. I dispos'd of about 14 Common Prayer-books, and 35 small Prayer-books, for Skull and Kilmoe. The Middie and West Calves are in the parish of Skull, and the East Calf and the two Skames are in the parish of Aghadown. Some people live upon the East and Middle Calf, but none on the West Calf. The church of Skull is uncovered; the walls are standing, well built, with lime and stone. It is about 84 foot long and 24 foot broad."

"At a vestry held in Skull Church on June 4, 1700, Thomas Bennett and John Sullivan were chosen churchwardens of Skull, they were then and there presented to the Bishop of Corke, and sworn before him. At the same vestry, 12s. on each plowland in the parish of Skull was assest for the repairs of the Church of Skull. It was agreed that only 30 foot in length should be repaired. I promised £5 towards the repairs of Skull, and paid it. There are 84 plowlands in this parish. This parish is about 9 miles in length and 6 miles in breadth. 3 Sundays in 4 there is divine service at Mr. Bennett's house in Skull, and the fourth Sunday Mr. Vyse preaches at Mr. Coghlan's house, in the parish of Kilmoe. John Prouce, a good old man, is Clerk of this parish and Kilmoe. The parish of Skull extends 6 miles eastward from the church, it reaches to the west about 3 miles and a half from the church. In this parish are the ruins of a chappel near Dunmanus Castle, called Kilkanget. The bay that goes up to Ballidehab is called Loughtrasnagh; several islands, viz., Castle Island, &c., lie in this bay. Daniel Leahy, a convert, teaches school in this parish at Gortineroagh. This parish is worth to the Vicar about £50 per an. No glebe-house in this parish; no collections, but at the sacrament. They pay tythes of fish; the tenth fish. As to those that are remote, the Minister generally agrees with

them for so much a boat. There is a Bible, but no Common Prayer-books. Sacrament three times in the year."

"On Thursday, the 6th of June, I went to Kilmoe and Crookhaven, and returned to Skull the same night.

"Kilmoe: the church is ruinous, the walls that are standing are bad, built with stone and clay. The church stands about a mile from Crookhaven, to the westward near the head of Barlycove bay. 8a. of glebe on the north of the church; good land, set for £20 per an. There are the ruins of a vicaridge house joining to ye church-yard. Crookhaven town lies on the south side of the haven; there were formerly (viz. before 1641) 200 houses there. It yielded £300 per an., rent. There are the ruins of a small fort on the east end of the town, built by the King. There are also the walls of an old castle about the middle of the town, which they say was formerly a prison. There are the ruins of a chapple at the west end of the town. One end of the chapple is dedicated to St. Mullagh, 'tis said some glebe belonged to this chapple. Missen Head lies to the south-west of Crookhaven town; the Three Castle's Head lies to the north-west of Missen Head; off of Crookhaven Head lies the rock, call'd the Aldern. Barlycove is an open bay to the south-west of Crookhaven. The church of Kilmoe is dedicated to St. Briana, als Brandon, whose festival is observed in this parish. About 9 Protestant families in this parish. There are about 200 papist families in this parish. The Earl of Corke, Bishop of Corke, Colonel Beecher, Mr. Hull, Mr. Arthur Hide, and Thadeus Coghlan, have the lands of this parish. Mr. Pierce Arnot, Thadeus Coghlan, and Mr. Mahon, a late convert, and Thomas Dyer, the tide-waiter, live in this parish. Tieve Coghlan is Popish Priest of the parish of Kilmoe, and of the western part of the parish of Skull, he has been here for about eight years. On the hill near Castlemehaga, which lies on the north side of Crookhaven bay, grows the Arbutus; I saw some of them, they grow out of the clefts of the rocks on the side of the rock looking to the south; the mould was black, wash'd down from the hill into the clefts; I suppose 'tis good rich earth. A young Irishman, a Papist, teaches school in this parish of Kilmoe, about the middle of it. This parish is very hilly and rocky. This parish is worth about £25 per an. to the Vicar. This parish has 42 plowlands in it, 'tis about 6 miles in length from east to west, and about 3 miles in breadth.

"The Rectories of Skull and Kilmoe are in the gift of the Crown, worth £60 per an.; the vicaridges in the Bishop of Corke's gift, are worth £70 per an. These two rectories, as 'tis said, belong'd formerly to the College of Youghal, the Lord Strafford wrested them out of the hands of the Earl of Corke.

"Kilmoe parish. No books, nor any Registry of Kilmoe.

About 7 or 8a. of glebe on the north of the church, near it, 'tis good land. There are about 9 Protestant families in this parish, and about 200 Papist families; the Bishop of Corke's land about the church is very good, 'tis set to the terre-tenant for about 2s. per acre. Carrenmore, also Carrenoglaiven, belonging to the Bishop of Corke, lies to the east of Missen Head. The ruins of a chapple are at Crookhaven, 'tis said there is some glebe belonging to it, but 'tis concealed."

"Tieve Coghlan is Papist Priest of Kilmoe, and the western part of the parish of Skull, he has been so for eight years. The Earl of Corke, Colonel Beecher, the Bishop of Cork, Mr. Hull, Mr. Hide, and Thadeus Coghlan, a Protestant, have the lands of this parish. Mr. Pierce Arnot, Thadeus Coghlan, and Mr. Mahon, a late convert, and Thomas Dyer, the waiter, live in this parish. Before the 1641 wars there were 200 houses in Crookhaven. Crookhaven harbour is a very good one. The parish church of Kilmoe stands at the head of Barlycove: the walls standing are bad, built of stone and clay; set for 20s. per an."

"The ruins of a vicaridge house within the north of the church joining to the church-yard; part of the chappel of Crookhaven is said to be older than the rest, and that it was dedicated to St. Mullagah. The Church of Kilmoe was dedicated to St. Brianah, als Brandon, whose festival is kept in the parish of Kilmoe on the 16th of May. Barlycove is an open bay to the south-west of Crookhaven; Missen Head is the western point of this bay; Three Castles Head lies to the north-west of Missen Head, in Kilmoe parish; in all the O'Sullivan's country they observe as a holiday St. Roane's Day." [Downes' Tour.]

1705. Aug. 20. USHER SMITH, Vicar of Kilmoe and Scull. [F.F.]

In 1711 Smith became Vicar Choral, Cork, q. v.

1715 to 1718. MICHAEL PHILPOT appears as Vicar of Kilmoe et Scull. [V.B. D.R.]

In 1720 Philpot was R. Caheragh, and in 1727, P. Dromdaleague, q. v.

1720 to 1754. PAUL LIMERICK appears as Vicar of Kilmoe et Scull. [V.B. D.R.] And from 1723 to 1754, as *Rector and Vicar* of Kilmoe and Scull. [V.B. D.R.]

1724. January 23. The Bishop certifies that Limerick has expended £600 in building a glebe-house at Scull. [D.R.] An account of a suit concerning the Glebe of Kilmoe will be found in Nichols' Topographer and Genealogist, vol. ii., pp. 344-356.

Paul Limerick (son of Paul Limerick), was born in Derry, and entered T.C.D. as Pensioner, on 16th June, 1708. He obtained Scholarship in 1711. He appears as V. Killaconenagh, &c., in Ross, in 1718, and as Vicar of Scull and Kilmoe from

1720 to 1755, being also Rector from 1723 to 1755. He died in March of 1755, and was buried at St. Mary Shandon, Cork, on 30th March, 1755.

In his will, dated 25th March, 1755, he mentions two sons, William (who had a son Paul), and Robert, besides four daughters, Bridget (wife of Benjamin Sullivan, ancestor of the O'SULLIVAN MORE, and of SULLIVANS, BARONETS, of Thames Ditton, Surrey), Mary, Anne, and Mrs. White.

1755. Kilmoe and Scull are both vacant. [V.B. D.R.]

1755. Sept. 4. BENJAMIN PROSSER, R. V. Kilmoe, per mortem Paul Limerick. [D.R.] On letters patent of 22nd July, to the Consolidated R. and V. of Crookhaven, als Kilmoe. [Lib. Mun.] From this time Scull was held separately.

1762. Oct. 29. RICHARD ORPEN, A.M., R. V. Kilmoe, vacant by death of Prosser. [D.R.] Orpen resigned in October, 1764.

Richard Orpen (eldest son of Rev. Thomas Orpen, of Kilmowen, *vide* ORPEN, of GLANEROUGH, in Burke's L. G.), was born in county Kerry, and when seventeen years old, entered T.C.D. as a Pensioner, on 14th of April, 1743. He obtained Scholarship in 1746, and graduated B.A. in 1747.

In 1758, September 11, he was licensed to the curacy of Kilnaglory. From 1762 to 1764 he was R. V. Kilmoe, and from 1764 to 1770 he was R. Valentia, Dromod, Cahir, Killinane, Prior, and Glanbeagh, in the diocese of Ardferd. He died in 1770.

He married, Mary (dan. of Mathew Hutchinson, and relict of James French), and by her had issue Richard-Thomas Orpen (of Lirias, High Sheriff of county Cork, who died unmarried), and several daughters.

1765. June 11. SAMUEL STONE, A.M., R. V. Kilmoe. [F.F.] On letters patent of April 11. [Lib. Mun.]

Samuel Stone (son of Samuel Stone "Ducis"), was born in co. Derry, and when fourteen years old entered T.C.D. as Pensioner, on 17th September, 1737. He graduated A.M., in 1755.

From 1765 to 1769 he was R. V. Kilmoe, and from 1769 to 1799 was R. Cuddaif, co. Donegal. He died in 1799, and mentions in his will his brother, Guy Stone, P. Kilroot, Connor dioc., who married, in 1760, Margaret Bryanton, and had issue four sons, Samuel, Richard, Guy, and William, besides a daughter, Anne. [U.O.]

1769. August 4. ARTHUR HYDE, A.M., R. V. Kilmoe, vacant by resignation of Stone. [D.R.] The Bishop collates for this turn.

In 1772 Hyde became R. St. Anne, Shandon, q. v.

He resigned Kilmoe in October, 1786. [Lib. Mun.]

1787. March 30. ARTHUR HYDE, JUNIOR, A.B., R. V. Kilmoe. [F.F.] On letters patent of 17th March. [Lib. Mun.] In 1791 he was Precentor of Ross, q. v.

1791. November 23. FITZGERALD TISDALL, A.M., R. V. Kilmoe. [F.F.] The Bishop collated this turn. Tisdall resigned on 23rd March, and took a second collation on 15th of April, 1808. He resigned finally on 25th April, same year, for the Union of Kenmare, Kilmackeloge, Templenoe, Kileroghan, &c., in Ardferd dioc.

Fitzgerald Tisdall (son of Michael, Archdeacon of Ross, q. v.), was Scholar T.C.D. in 1780. He was ordained Deacon, at Cork, on 1st Nov., 1785, and Priest, at Cloyne, on 29th Sept., 1786.

From 1786 to 1791 he was Curate of Holy Trinity, Cork. From June to Nov. of 1791 he was Vicar Choral of Cork, and from 1791 to 1808 R. V. Kilmoe. He exchanged Kilmoe for Kenmare, &c., in Ardferd dioc.; and in 1809, on the morning of Easter Day, was murdered at a place called Priest's Leap, near Kenmare, as he was returning homewards. He was a J.P. for Cork county, and at the time of the expected French invasion got up a yeomanry corps, at Crookhaven, of which he was commandant.

He married in August, 1788, Mary (dan. of William Jameson, esq., by Hannah, dau. of Thomas Farren, esq.), and by her had issue Michael (in the Customs, now of Rockhouse, Clifton), Fitzgerald, and George-Canning (who both died Sp.), and two daughters, Mary, the younger, relict of Mr. Devereux, and Jane, wife of Abraham Chatterton, of Cork, who had issue by her two sons, Hedges-Eyre, Barrister-at-law and q.c., and Abraham-Thomas, of Cork; besides a daughter, Mary, wife of Rev. Richard C. Faulkner, R. Kilmocamoge, q. v.

1808. September 15. STEPHEN DENLEAVY, A.M., R. V. Kilmoe. [F.F.] He resigned on 3rd Nov., 1818. In 1820 he was V. Urigare, Limerick. From 1799 to 1808 he had been R. Kenmare, Ardferd. In 1794 he was Chaplain of the Kerry Militia.

He married Catherine, dau. of William Townsend Gun, esq., of Rattoo, co. Kerry, and by her had issue George, and Diana, and Mary-Frederica, wife of T. C. Ponsonby, esq.

1818. Dec. 17. FRANCIS LANGFORD, A.M., R. V. Kilmoe. [D.R.] On letters patent, dated 20th November. In his Majesty's gift for this turn. [Lib. Mun.] From 1795 to his death, on 9th February, 1842, he held, along with Kilmoe, the R. Kilcornan, Limerick diocese.

1830. Protestant population, 630.

1837. Kilmoe: a rectory, with cure; 7 miles long by 3 broad; gross population, 6,889; one Curate employed, at a stipend of £100 per annum; tithe composition, £500; 12A. OR. 24P. of glebe, set for £8 8s., subject to visitation fees, and diocesan schoolmaster, £1 12s.; no glebe-house; Incumbent is occasionally resident within the benefice, but resides, for the

most part, on his other benefice, in the county of Limerick. One church, capable of accommodating 300 persons, built upwards of a century ago, by Bishop Browne, at his own expense; no charge on the parish in 1832 on account of the church; divine service is celebrated on Sunday mornings, and on the principal festivals, in the church; and on Sunday evenings, in the school-house; the sacrament is administered monthly and at the festivals. The benefice is a rectory. [Parl. Rep.]

Francis Langford died on 9th February, 1842, leaving issue by his wife Margaret Lucinda (dau. of Rev. Walter Stewart, by Agnes, dau. of Rev. Thomas Orpen), three sons, George-Walter (of Adare), Francis, and John Thomas, besides two daughters, Charlotte, wife of John Limerick, esq., of Ardnauce, co. Cork, and Anna-Maria, wife of James O'Callaghan, esq., of Rock Cottage, co. Cork.

1842. Feb. 18. WILLIAM ALLEN FISHER, A.B., R. V. Kilmoc. [D.R.]

1843. July 26. St. Brendan's Chapel of Ease was formed into a district church. [D.R.]

1860. W. A. Fisher, Incumbent; J. P. Myles, Curate. The church and chapel in good order; no glebe-house; the glebe is let for £9 per an.; divine service twice on all Sundays, both in church and chapel, besides frequent services on ship-board in Crookhaven harbour; sacrament monthly, and at festivals, in both churches; the average number of communicants is 14 at the parish church, 10 in the other; there are four Church Education schools, at which about 94 children attend; the Protestant population is 513; the rentcharge is £375, and the land is worth £9; total value, £384, without residence. There is also in Kilmoe parish a church, called Temple-na-boit, or the church of the poor, which was built in 1847 by the inhabitants of the district during the famine. The money sent to Mr. Fisher for relief of the destitute, instead of being distributed in alms gratuitously, was employed in giving labour, and procuring materials to erect this church. No horses were employed at it, and all the work was done by hand. Besides the erection of a place of worship in a poor locality, occupied by Protestants, and distant about four Irish miles from Scull or Kilmoe churches, Mr. Fisher found also this benefit from his proceedings, namely, that while in the neighbouring districts the rates for relief of the poor were enormously high, in this district they were comparatively little. Mr. E. H. Hopley is the Curate of Temple-na-boit Church, in which there is divine service twice on all Sundays, besides an early service at 8 A.M. on Sundays in a licensed place of worship at Lissacha, a place in the same district. The sacrament is administered monthly, at Temple-na-boit, and at festivals; the average of communicants is 37. 57 children are on the rolls of a Church Education school.

The protestant population of this portion of Kilmoe parish is 509.

William Allen Fisher (son of Joseph Devonshire Fisher, esq., by Margaret Allen, of Greenfield, near Kanturk), married, on 14th Feb., 1844, Anna, youngest daughter of Rev. Thomas Carson, R. Kilmahon, Cloyne, and has issue three sons, Joseph Devonshire, Thomas-Carson, and William-Allen-Waggett; and two daughters, Eliza, and Margaret Allen.

KILMURRY.

1591. E. de Kilmurry, MORRICIUS McDERMOTT. [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.] He was also R. Templeusky, q. v.

1615. Clonherkin als Kilmurry. Ecclesia et cancella penitus ruinantur. Vicarius nullus nec Curatus. [R.V. R.I.A.]

1634. E. de Clonherkin als Kilmurry, spectat ad Ab. de Antro. Comes Cork firmarius. Gully Ceugh, ye farmonr, hath ye book-money. BENJAMIN HEARICE, Curatus, habet £4 pro inservicione curæ. [R.V. 1634.] Hearice was R. V. Lisle, Ross, q. v.

1639. E. de Kilmurry, spectat ad Ab. de Antro. Curatus est NATHANIEL GYLES. Ecclesia ruinata, desunt ornamenta. [V.B. D.R. 1639.] In 1666 Giles was V. Clonmel, Cloyne, q. v.

1667. Rector, Comes Cork; Vicar, THOMAS MURRAY. [V.B. D.R.] 1669 and 1670. JOHN GODFREY is Curate. [V.B.] He was P. Currograngeamore, Ross, q. v.

1671 to 1699. JOHN HARRISON is Curate. [V.B.] In 1689 he was V. Cannaway, q. v.

1700. March 17. THOMAS MILLS is appointed Curate. [D.R.] Mills was born in Cork (son of John Mills "conario"?). When nineteen years old he obtained Sizarship in T.C.D. on 6th July, 1694.

He was ordained Deacon on 16th March, 1700, at Kilbrogan, and Priest, on 21st September, 1701, at Cork, by the Bp. of Cork. On 2nd January, 1700, he was licensed to teach school in Bandon; and on 17th March following was licensed to this cure. He died between 17th February and the 3rd of March, 1720, leaving a few trifles to the Minister of Ballymodan, Mr. Richard Goodman.

1752. May 21. SAMUEL HALES is licensed to be Curate, at a stipend of £10. [D.R.] In 1770 he was P. Kilbrittain, q. v.

1762. June 4. JOHN KENNEY, the younger, A.B., is licensed as Curate, at £10. [D.R.] In 1796 he was P. Kilbrogan, q. v.

No Curate seems to have been licensed for many years after Kenney vacated this curacy. The duties were performed by the clergymen of the neighbouring parishes, for a small—almost nominal—remuneration. The Duke of Devonshire was Rector impropriator.

1840. October 27. The lodge of Sir Augustus Warren is licensed for divine service. [D.R.]
1847. March 5. A new church, in Kilmurry parish, is licensed for service, and is consecrated under the name of St. Andrew, by the Bishop of Killaloe, on the 7th of Dec. following. [D.R.]
1848. January 8. EDWARD GEORGE JONES is licensed to the curacy of Kilmurry, at £100 per an. [D.R.] He seems to have been Curate for some years previously.
1860. One church; no glebe-house; there are $14\frac{1}{2}$ acres of glebe, of which 5 are in Curate's use. Divine service twice each Sunday, and also on the usual holidays; sacrament monthly, and at festivals; average of communicants, 18. No school. Protestant population, 85. The rectory is inappropriate in the Duke of Devonshire.

KILNAGLORY.

1291. "Eccia de Kynneglory III^{mr}." [Tax. P. Nic.]
1591. "Preb. sive Rector de Kilneglorie, EDMUNDUS BRENNAGHUE. Idem Vicarius ibm—non exhibuit chartas ordinum,—exhibuit titulos ad prebendam; allegat titulos vicariæ combustos.—privand. vicaria." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.] He does not appear elsewhere.
1613. Nov. 15. RICHARD OWEN, P. Kilnaglory, R. Taxax, V. Kinsale, and P. Donoghmore, Cloine. [R.V. 1634.]
1615. Kilnaglorie: Richūs Owen, A.M., minister et predicator, ipse inservit curæ. Val. 4 li. Tenet etiam V. Kinsale, val. 10 li. et R. Taxax, val. 5 li. Ecclesia repāta, cancella in ruinis. [R.V. R.I.A.]
1626. March 17. Rev. Richard Owen, P. Kilnaglory, gave £20 towards a library, for use of the cathedral. [Tuckey, Cork Rem.] 1634. P. Kilnaglory, Richard Owen. Value, 80 li. per an. [R.V. 1634.]
- Richard Owen, from 1613 to 1629 was V. Kinsale, and from 1613 to 1634 was R. Taxax, P. Kilnaglory, and P. Donoghmore, in Cloyne. From 1625 to 1634 he was also R. Rincurran; and from 1625 to 1631 was P. Donoghmore and Kiltegan, in Lismore diocese.
- In 1631, July 28, the Archbishop of Armagh gave him a dispensation to retain Kilnaglory, Donaghmore, Rincurran, and Taxax, "cum clausula perinde valere et permutationis." [R.V. 1634.]
- 1634/5. Feb. 11. THOMAS WEIGHT, P. Kilnaglory. [F.F.] He appears in V.B. 1639. "Ecclesia bene, desunt calix," &c. [V.B. D.R.]
- Thomas Weight, A.M., was ordained Deacon and Priest, by

- John, Bishop of Oxford, on 23rd October, 1619. He was probably brought over to Ireland by the Boyle family.
- In 1620 he became P. Kilmaedonogh, Cloyne (per cession of Roger Boyle), and in 1628 was also V. Ballymodan. In 1634 he became, in addition, P. Kilnaglory. He was also, from 1628 to 1640, Rector of Aglishdrinagh, in Cloyne; and from 1628 to 1630 Vicar of Aglishdrinagh. He appears for nearly all these livings in 1639. He was, in 1628, elected Dean of Cork, by the Chapter, but his appointment was set aside by the Crown. He was, in 1628, S.T.B.
1661. Vacant. [V.B. D.R.]
1662. July 28. EDWARD BULLEN, Preb. Kilnaglory. [F.F.] He appears in 1670. [V.B. D.R.] In 1662 he was V. Castlemagner, Cloyne, and in 1667, R. Templeroan, Cloyne. He vacated these three livings in 1670. For a notice of the Bullen family, *vide* Donoghmore, Cloyne, under Rev. Richard Bullen.
1671. May 11. ROWLAND DAVIES, Preb. Kilnaglory. [F.F.] He appears 1671 and 1672. [V.B. D.R.] He was afterwards Dean of Cork, q. v.
1674. August 25. "Sub sequestracione," with Theo. Veasy's name in the margin. [V.B.]
1675. No name appears. [V.B.]
1676. April 5. THEODORE VESEY, P. Kilnaglory. [F.F.] He appears 1677 to 1681. [V.B. D.R.]
- "1681. The church and church-yard of Kilnaglory to be repaired, and thirty-eight pounds to be raised for that purpose, by distress, if need be." [Cork Presentments.]
- Theodore Vesey (son of Rev. Thomas Vesey) was born at Coleraine, where he received his education; and, at seventeen years of age he entered T.C.D. as a Pensioner, on 30th April, 1658. He was a Scholar in 1660.
- From 1666 to 1669 he was V. Clonmeen, Roskeen, and Kilshannig; and from 1666 to 1676 P. Cooline, in Cloyne. From 1669 to 1682 he was V. Kinsale, and R. V. Rincurran. From 1670 to 1682 he was R. Taxax; from 1675 to 1682, P. Lackeen, in Cloyne, and from 1676 to 1682 P. Kilnaglory. He died, in 1682, the incumbent of four livings.
- Theodore Vesey was brother to John Vesey (Dean of Cork, q. v.), Archbishop of Tuam, and ancestor of the Lords DE VESCI.
- Theodore was married, and had a son, Theodore, born at Kinsale in 1672, who entered T.C.D. in 1692.
1682. Oct. 10. THOMAS DENT, A.M., P. Kilnaglory. [F.F.] He appears 1682 to 1687. [V.B. D.R.]
- Thomas Dent (son of Thomas "armiger") was born in London, and entered T.C.D. as Pensioner, on 2nd of April, 1670, at the early age of thirteen. He graduated A.M., in 1682.
- In 1675 he appears as P. Droghda, Clonfert. From 1680 to 1688 he was Curate of Ballinaboy. In 1679 he was a Vicar

Choral of Cork. From 1681 to 1688 he was P. Island, V. Desert and Ardfield, in Ross; and from 1682 to 1688 he was P. Kilnaglory. In 1688 he resigned, or was deprived of all his livings in Cork and Ross.

1688. July 9. NICHOLAS BRADY, A.M., P. Kilnaglory [F.F.], vacant per cessionem Thomæ Dent, et per deprivationem Thomæ Dent. [D.R.] Brady appears 1688 to 1691. In the latter year he is marked "In Anglia." [V.B. D.R.]

Of Dr. Nicholas Brady, whose name will be remembered as long as the present version of the Psalms remains in our Books of Common Prayer, some fuller account than usual will be acceptable. He was descended from the noble and once powerful family of O'GRADY, which boasts an equal antiquity and a common lineage with that of O'BRIEN from the ancient kings of Ireland. [*Vide* Keating, vol. ii. p. 401, ed. 1809, and O'Brien's Irish and English Dictionary, p. 514. *Vide* also the families of O'GRADY and the Lords INCHIQUN and GUILLAMORE, in Burke's L. G. and Peerage.] The first of the O'Grady family who took the name of Brady seems to have been SIR DENIS O'GRADY, als BRADY, knight and chief of his name, or "nacion," to whom King HENRY VIII. granted by letters patent, dated 5th January, 1543, the following lands (which had previously belonged to the ancestors of Sir Denis), namely, the manors, lordships, towns, &c., of Thoymereny (Tomgrany), Finnagh, Kyllachulybeg, Killachulymore, Seamboyeronayn, Killokenedy, Clony, Killchomrrian, Enockeim, Parchayne, and the moiety of Kiltulla. Sir Denis O'Grady, als Brady, died (circa 1569), in Limerick, in a house, called the "Archdeakan's Courte," belonging to himself, having had issue four sons, Edmond (d. Sp. 27th December, 1576), Donald (d. Sp.), John, and Hugh.

The third son, John O'Grady, als Brady, was heir to his brothers Edmond and Donald, and surrendered to Queen Elizabeth all his estates on 23th of July, 1582. Her Majesty re-granted to John O'Grady and to his brother, Hugh, with limitation to the heirs, not of John, but of Hugh Brady, the same estates which are described as the manors, lordships, &c., of Tomgraney, Ballyduff, Ballynock, Aghrim, Ithnatty, Ballymollowin, Ballymarrane, Ashrymdowgin, Fassabeg, Fassaghmore, Tyronethy, Toare, Rathyny, Tullaghary, Ballycoim, Twilaghgory, Chrony, Finaghe, Killuckwillibeg, Killuckwillimore, Knoockeyprighane, Killockenedy, Seamboetheronane, O'Grady's Island, alias Illan-I'Gradye, Kilsulla, Skarriff, in the county of Clare, aliter Thomond; also "unum domum lapideum infra civitatem Limerici vulgariter vocatum le Archdeaken's Courte," in the parish of St. Michael's, Limerick. John O'Grady, by his wife, Katherine Bourke, had issue a son, Donogh O'Grady, of Fassaghmore, ancestor, according to Sir

William Betham, of several of the present families of O'Grady, in the county Limerick, and elsewhere.

Hugh O'Grady, alias Brady, fourth son of Sir Denis, was born at Dunboyne, county Meath, and obtained by conveyance from his brother, John, the lands of Tomgrany and Scariff, &c., mentioned in above patents. He was educated in England, and was Rector of St. Mary, Aldermar, London (*vide* Shirley's Letters in Illustration of the Church in Ireland, page 188; London, Rivington, 1851); and from 1563 to 1584 was Bishop of Meath. He married, firstly, a widow (whose dau. married Geoffrey Pinchbeck (or Pichebek, Chief Registrar of the High Commission for Ecclesiastical Causes in Ireland, and a kinsman of SIR WILLIAM CECIL, the first LORD BURGHEY), by whom he had no issue; and secondly, Alice (dau. of Right Hon. SIR ROBERT WESTON, Lord Chancellor of Ireland), by whom he left issue at his death, on 13th Feb. 1584/5, three sons, Lucas, Nicholas, and Gerald, besides a dau. Elisabeth. His relict, Alice, in 1585, married Sir Jeffery Fenton, Secretary of State in Ireland, and bore to him SIR WILLIAM FENTON and Alice, wife of the first EARL of CORK, who erected to her memory the huge monument in St. Patrick's Cathedral. Of the Bishop's children, Elisabeth died unmarried, and was buried in St. Patrick's; Gerald, the youngest son, was a "student of Trinitie Colledge," and died Sp. having previously married Joane (dau. of William Conway, of Dublin, who was buried at St. Patrick's, in 1633), who married, after Gerald's death, Mathew Trott, esq., of London. Lucas or Luke, the Bishop's eldest son, as one of the Chieftains of the County of Clare, signed the treaty between Queen Elizabeth and the Lords of that county on 17th August, 1585; and was, I think, in 1591, though a layman, R. Bruhenny, Cloyne, q. v. He married Agnes Evans, by whom he had a son, Luke, born at Rosscarbery, in 1623, and a dau. Alice, wife of Laurance Clayton, of Mallow, brother to SIR RANDOLL CLAYTON. The last-named Luke was heir to the property of Tomgrany and Raheens, county Clare, which remained in that branch of the Brady family until sold in the Incumbered Estates Court to the present proprietor, Mr. Moreland.

The Bishop's second son, Nicholas, was appointed Escheator of Connaught, in 1606, no doubt through the interest of the first EARL of CORK, who had married, in 1603, his half-sister, Alice Fenton. That Earl appears, from papers now in the possession of Lord Inchiquin, to have been joint proprietor with the Bradys of their Clare estates, and in the Down Survey of 1641, was owner of ten denominations of land in that county, including Scariff and Fassaghmore, while Mr. Brady was owner of eleven, among which were Tomgrany and Raheens. Nicholas Brady was probably brought by the same nobleman to Bandon

(which was re-built or re-edified by the Earl, in 1641), where he acquired a property in the town and neighbourhood, which remained in the family until recent times. He afterwards removed to England, and died, leaving a son, Major Nicholas Brady, of Richmond, in Surrey, and of Bandon, county Cork, who married Martha, the dau. and heiress of Luke Gernon, esq. of Cork ("a Judge of singular meekness and probity," who was Second Justice of the Presidency Court of Munster, 1618 to 1660), by whom he had issue, besides an elder son, whose descendants have been long settled in England, Nicholas Brady, the P. Kilnaglory.

The foregoing statement of the descent of Dr. Brady from Sir Denis O'Grady, chief of his name, has been taken from the family pedigree, certified by Sir Wm. Betham, and verified by reference to the will of Bishop Hugh Brady, and by documents in the Ulster Office, &c. The following account is taken from the second edition of Vol. II. of the "Biographia Britannica," enlarged by Dr. Andrew Kippis, fol., London, 1780, with some slight alterations and additions from the family papers, now in the possession of Antonio Brady, esq., of Stratford, near London:—

Nicholas Brady, born at Bandon, co. Cork, on 28th of October, 1659, was educated for a time by Dr. Tindall, of Cork; and when twelve years old, was removed to Westminster School, then under the care of the celebrated Dr. Busby. Brady was much thought of by his master, and was elected King's Scholar at Westminster; and from thence was sent to Oxford as a Student of Christchurch. After continuing there four years he went to Dublin, where his father then resided, and commenced B.A., and in the following year, 1688, graduated A.M. His degree of D.D. was afterwards presented to him on account of his uncommon merit, and brought over to him to England by Dr. Pratt, then Travelling Fellow, and subsequently Provost of that University.

He was ordained Priest, at Cork, on 28th September, 1687, by Bishop Whetenhall, to whom he was Chaplain. In 1688 he was appointed P. Kilnaglory, R. Kilmee, V. Drinagh, and V. Castroventia, in the diocese of Ross, all which he resigned in 1692. He was, in 1690, Minister of St. Catherine-Cree, and Lecturer of St. Michael's, Wood-street, London. He was afterwards Minister of Richmond, in Surrey, to which post he was invited by the gentlemen of that place in consequence of the high esteem they had conceived for him during a retreat which he had made thither while he was translating the Psalms. The vicarage of the Holy Trinity of Stratford-upon-Avon was given to him by the great EARL OF DORSET, and the rectory of Clapham, by DAME REBECCA (relict of SIR RICHARD) ATKINS, Baronet, on 21st February, 1705/6. He died Rector of Clap-

ham, and Minister of Richmond, on 22nd of May, 1726, and was buried at Richmond on the 26th of May. Dr. Thomas Stackhouse, author of the "History of the Bible," preached his funeral sermon.

Dr. Brady was a zealous promoter of the late happy Revolution, and an eminent sufferer for it. In 1690, when the troubles broke out in Ireland, by his interest with King James' general, MacCarty, he thrice prevented the burning of Bandon town, after three several orders given by that Prince to destroy it. The same year, having been deputed by the people of Bandon, he went over to England to petition the Parliament for a redress of some grievances they had suffered while King James was in Ireland.

Dr. Brady was Chaplain to the Princess of Wales, to King William and Queen Mary, and to Queen Anne; also, to the Duke of Ormond's troop of Horse Guards.

Dr. Brady had the character of being a person of most obliging, sweet, affable temper, a polite gentleman, an excellent preacher, and a good poet. His qualifications would undoubtedly have raised him, it was said, to some of the greatest dignities in the church, if the singular humanity and benevolence of his disposition would have suffered him to have run in with the violence of either prevailing party.

He published, in conjunction with Mr. Tate, Poet Laureate, the well-known version of the Psalms, which first appeared in 1698. Of the numerous and various editions of this work a collection has been made, at great expense, by Mr. James Lenox, of New York. The opinions of learned men as to the merits of the versification, and also as to the share Dr. Brady had in the composition of the several pieces, are nearly as various as the different editions.

He published also:—

1. The Rape, or the Innocent Impostors; a tragedy. [Anonymous.] 4to. London, 1692.
2. A Sermon, preached at Whitehall, London, before the King and Queen, on October 23, 1692. 4to. London, 1693.
3. A Sermon on Matthew xvi. 26. 4to. London, 1693.
4. A Sermon, preached at the Funeral of Thomas Shadwell, esq., on Revelation xiv., part of verse 13. 4to. London, 1693. Shadwell was successor to Dryden in the office of Poet Laureate, and was succeeded in that office by Tate, the colleague of Brady in the versification of the Psalms.
5. A Funeral Sermon, on Ecces. vii. 2. 4to. London, 1694.
6. A Sermon before the Incorporated Society of Apothecaries of London. 4to. London, 1695.
7. A Sermon on occasion of the late horrid Plot. 4to. London, 1696.
8. Church Music Vindicated, a Sermon on St. Cecilia's Day,

preached in St. Bride's Church, London. 4to. London, 1697.

9. A Sermon on the Death of King William. 4to. London, 1702.

10. Sermons: 3 volumes. 8vo. London, vol. i., 1704; vol. ii., 1706; vol. iii., 1713.

11. A Thanksgiving Sermon for the Victory of Blenheim. 4to. London, 1705.

12. A Thanksgiving Sermon on the Union of England and Scotland. 8vo. London, 1707.

13. A Sermon on Acts viii. 14-17, on the Antiquity and Usefulness of Episcopal Confirmation. 4to. London, 1708.

14. A Thanksgiving Sermon, on Nahum i. 15. 8vo. London, 1713.

15. The Æneid of Virgil, in Verse, 4 vols. 8vo. 1726.

16. Sermons; three additional volumes, published after his death by his eldest Son. 8vo. London, 1730.

17. A Sermon, on Psalm cxviii. 23, 24. 4to. London, 1738.

The Rev. Nicholas Brady married, on the 29th June, 1690, Letitia (daughter of Edward Syngc, Bishop of Cork, as Sir Wm. Betham has stated, or if the account of William Brady, of Sydenham, be preferred, she was Letitia, granddaughter of that Bishop, and daughter of Richard Syngc, who died Archdeacon of Cork in 1688, bequeathing to his daughter Letitia £500). Dr. Brady had issue by this lady four sons and four daughters.

Nicholas, the eldest, R. Tooting, Surrey, and LL.B., was baptized at St. Catherine-Cree Church, on 23rd March, 1692/3, and died on 11th December, 1768, and was buried at Clapham. He was married to Martha, dau. of William Lethulier, esq., of Clapham; and had issue an only son, William Brady, esq., of Sydenham, who married Susannah Le Keux, and died Sp. on 12th Sept., 1773. George, the second son of Dr. Brady, was born on 26th July, 1705; the third son has not been found in any registry; the fourth, Thomas, was baptized on 23rd September, 1707, at Richmond. Of the four daughters, Elisabeth, Letitia, Mary, and Martha, the last died unmarried, and the others married respectively Mr. Morgan, Mr. Woodhouse (a Quaker), and a Mr. Paton.

Dr. Brady's fourth son, THOMAS, with whose issue we are now concerned, married Eleanor, dau. of Rev. Dr. Cheyne, of Clapham, believed to have been of the family of the Cheynes, LORDS NEWHAVEN; and by her had issue (besides a daughter Letitia, wife of John Collins, esq., of Woolmers, Herts), a son, Nicholas William, born at Richmond in 1734, who was precluded from a learned profession by an impediment in his speech, and was therefore brought up to business. He came to Ireland in 1761, and established himself in Dublin, having

previously married, on 4th Nov., 1758, at St. Clement Danes Church, in London, Dorothea Creighton, of Penrith, Cumberland. He died on 18th May, 1808, leaving issue *inter alios* Francis Tempest Brady, his eldest son, who died on 11th April, 1821, leaving issue Sir Nicholas William Brady, eldest son (Alderman, and Lord Mayor of Dublin, who was knighted by King George IV.); Maziere Brady, second son (now Lord Chancellor of Ireland), and Rev. Francis Tempest Brady, Chancellor of Lismore, for whom *vide* Kilworth, in Cloyne. He had also six daughters, Mary, Eliza, Letitia-Syngc, Mary Anne (who all died unmarried), Charlotte (wife of John Mollan, esq., M.D., of Fitzwilliam-square, Dublin), and Dorothea (wife of Rev. David-Carlisle Courtenay, Rector of Glenarm, in the diocese of Connor).

The second son, MAZIERE BRADY, LORD CHANCELLOR OF IRELAND, married, firstly, Eliza-Anne, dau. of Beaver Buchanan, esq., of Dublin; and, secondly, on 15th Dec., 1860, Mary, dau. of Rt. Hon. John Hatchell. Chancellor Brady has issue by his first wife, who died 15th June, 1858, 1. Francis-William Brady, q.c. (who married on 7th Nov., 1847, Emily-Elisabeth, youngest dau. of Dr. Kyle, Bishop of Cork, and has issue a son Maziere-Kyle, born 25th March, 1849, and a daughter Marion-Eleanor); 2. Maziere-John Brady, esq., (who, by his wife Elisabeth, youngest dau. of Rev. Robert Longfield, V. Clonfert, Cloyne, q. v. has issue Robert-Maziere, Emily-Augusta-Mary, and Maude-Cherry-Elisabeth); 3. Eleanor (wife of Rev. Benjamin Hale Puckle, Rector of Graffham, Ely); 4. Charlotte; and 5. Eliza.

1692. Sept. 23. SOLOMON FOLEY, A.M., P. Kilnaglory, and V. Drinagh, and R. Kilmeen, per cession of Nicholas Brady. [D.R.]

1699. The church not yet repaired, but an assessment was made for the repairs. At present the Protestants go to Inniskarrow. The repairs ought to be hastened. [V.B. 1699. D.D.]

In 1704/5 Foley became P. Kilbrogan, q. v.

1704/5. January 5. THOMAS DERHAM, P. Kilnaglory. [F.F.]

1704. Feb. 8. David Thyrry, junior, renounces Popery in the parish church of Kilnaglory. [D.R.]

Thomas Derham, in 1699, on 2nd March, was licensed to the Curacy of the Holy Trinity, Cork. In 1699 he was Vicar Choral, Cork, and Rector of Creagh, in Ross. In 1701 he was R. Killeagh, Cloyne, and in 1704 became P. Kilnaglory. He held all those preferments to his death in 1705. He was Proctor "Cleri Rossen," to Convocation in 1704. He took degrees in T.C.D. in 1701 and 1704.

He married Mary Vaughan, of Golden Grove, county Tipperary. [M. B. Dec. 22, 1704.] She afterwards married the Reverend Mr. Prince, Vicar of Uffington, Berks, and by him had a daughter, wife to the Archbishop (Laurence) of Cashel.

- 1705/6. March 6. CHIDLEY COOTE, A.M., P. Kilnaglory. [F.F.]
He appears 1706 to 1730, July 28; but in another V.B. of 1730, this prebend is marked vacant. [V.B. D.R.]
Chidley Coote (grandson of the first Baronet, *vide* Burke) was born in the county Roscommon, being son of Chidley Coote "Ducis," by Catherine Sandys.
He entered T.C.D. as Pensioner on 1st March, 1693, being then sixteen years old, and graduated afterwards A.M. and D.D.
He was ordained Deacon on 16th September, 1699, and Priest on 5th April, 1701/2, both at Cork.
From 1705 to 1730 he was P. Kilnaglory; and from 1709 held also the P. Effin, Limerick. He was Proctor "Cleri Aghadoc" to Convocation in 1704. He died in 1730, leaving by his wife, Jane Evans, sister of the first LORD CARBERRY, a numerous family; Charles, his third son, was Dean of Kilfenora, and had issue (by his wife, Catherine Bathurst) Charles Henry (the father of EYRE, LORD CASTLECOOTE), and a daughter, Grace, wife of Henry Bathurst, Bishop of Norwich.
- 1730/1. January 21. JOHN KENNEY, A.M., P. Kilnaglory, per mortem Coote. [D.R.] In 1751 he was P. Kilbrittain, q. v.
He appears 1731 to 1736. [V.B. D.R.]
1737. July 9. CHRISTOPHER DONNELLAN, B.D., P. Kilnaglory. [F.F.]
In 1745, June 1, he took a second collation to P. Kilnaglory and R. V. Athnowen. [D.R.] He was also P. Inniscarra, Cloyne, q. v.
1751. March 28. THOMAS WHITE, A.M., P. Kilnaglory and R. V. Athnowen, consolidated this year. [D.R.]
Thomas White (grandson to William White, who married Anne, dau. of Thomas Bowles), was the second son of Swithin White, by Anne, dau. of Alderman William Ballard, of Cork. [Dunscombe.]
He was born at Mallow in 1700, and when eighteen years old entered T.C.D. as a Pensioner, on 27th April, 1718, and subsequently took the degree of A.M.
He was ordained Deacon on 25th September, 1726, and Priest on 28th May, 1727, both at Cork.
From June, 1727, to the end of that year, he was a Vicar Choral of Cork. From the beginning of 1728 to 1742 he was R. Rathcooney; from 1742 to 1751 he was P. Kilbrittain: and from 1751 to 1777, when he died, he was P. Kilnaglory.
He married, in August, 1728, Mary Farthing, then of the parish of St. Dominick, and by her had issue a son, Richard, who died in 1730.
The Rev. Thomas White was buried on 17th August, 1777, in the church-yard of St. Nicholas, Cork.
1777. August 23. ROBERT AUSTEN, D.D., P. Kilnaglory, and R. V. Athnowen. [F.F.]
In 1785 he became Archdeacon of Cork, q. v.

1785. April 25. JAMES PRATT, A.M., P. Kilnaglory, and R. V. Athnowen. [F.F.]
1807. March 12. The Bishop approves of Pratt's memorial to build at Athnowen; and on 21st Nov. 1809, he certifies that Pratt has expended in erecting a glebe-house £961 18s. 7d., the value of Athnowen being £490 7s. per an. [D.R.]
James Pratt (son of Robert Pratt, esq., Portrieve of Castle-martyr, by Sarah, dau. of Richard Williams, esq.), was a Scholar of T.C.D. in 1766, and afterwards took the degree of A.B. and A.M.
He was ordained Deacon on 18th of December, 1768, and Priest on 17th February, 1771, both at Cloyne. From 1768 to 1782 he was Curate of Igtermurragh, Dungourney, &c. From 1782 to 1785 he was Chancellor of Cork, and from 1785 to 1824 he was P. Kilnaglory, which preferment he resigned on 18th October, 1824.
He married, in 1775, Anne Rugge, of Kilcredan; and mentions in his will (dated 7th Nov. 1825, and proved 1st Dec. 1827), Robert (P. Desertmore, q. v.); Henry, married to Sarah Fitton; Richard; John, who married Mrs. Frances Hawkes; James; and Sarah.
1824. Oct. 19. WILLIAM HARVEY, A.M., P. Kilnaglory. [D.R.]
1830. Protestant population, 55.
1837. Athnowen union, 7 miles long by 5 broad, with cure, consisting of Athnowen rectory and vicarage, and Kilnaglory rectory, containing 8,554a. 1r. 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ p. Gross population, 3,075. One Curate, employed at a stipend of £75 per annum. Composition for the tithes of Athnowen parish, £425; of Kilnaglory parish, £325. 14 acres of glebe in Incumbent's use, valued at 30s. per acre, £21. Subject to diocesan schoolmaster, £1 2s. 6d. Athnowen glebe-house, built under the old Acts in 1810, at a certified cost of £980 4s. 10d. British, whereof £92 6s. 1 $\frac{3}{4}$ d. was granted as gift by the late Board of First Fruits, and the residue of £887 18s. 8 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. was supplied out of the private funds of the builder, to whom the present Incumbent is next in succession; and having paid his predecessor the whole of the sum last named, he will be entitled to receive £665 19s. from his successor on account thereof. Incumbent is usually resident in the glebe-house. One church, capable of accommodating 100 persons; but when built, or at what cost unknown. No charge on the union in 1832 on account of the church. Divine service is celebrated once on all Sundays, and on the principal festivals. The sacrament is administered monthly, and on the principal festivals. The benefices constituting this union are rectories, but a portion of tithes in Kilnaglory parish is received by an Ecclesiastical Incumbent. The Prebendary of Kilnaglory has also a separate revenue, arising from rent of houses, to the amount of

£5 10s. 9d., but no duties, save preaching occasionally in Cork Cathedral. [Parl. Rep.]

William Harvey was ordained Deacon at Cloyne on 8th of October, 1809, and Priest at Cork on 23rd Sept. 1810. From 1810 to 1824 he was R. V. Wallstown, Cloyne; and from 1824 to his death, on 27th August, 1839, he was P. Kilnaglory. He also held, from 1815 to 1818, the V. Killaconenagh, in Ross; and from 1818 to 1824 the P. Desertmore, Cork.

He left issue two daughters, Elisabeth and Constance-Alice.

1839. Nov. 26. THOMAS DUKE MOORE, A.M., P. Kilnaglory, and R. V. St. Mary's, als Athnowen; certified under £600 in annual value. [D.R.]

1846. Dec. 28. A commission reports that Moore expended £140 in improvements on the glebe-house; and that the net annual value of the benefice is £340 17s. 6d. [D.R.]

Thomas Duke Moore was son of William John Moore, and grandson of William Duke Moore, of Summer-hill and Buckingham-street, Dublin.

From 1833 to 1839 he was V. Aghadowne; and from 1839 to his death, on 17th September, 1847, he was P. Kilnaglory.

He married Alicia-Dorothea, dau. of SAMUEL KYLE, Bishop of Cork, and left issue five daughters, Alicia-Dorothea, Annette, Elisabeth, Frances-Mary, and Emily-Elisabeth.

1847. Nov. 27. EDMUND LOMBARD, A.M., P. Kilnaglory, and R. V. St. Mary's, als Athnowen. [D.R.]

1860. E. Lombard, Rector; H. Wilmot, Curate. The church and glebe-house in good order. 20 acres of glebe in Rector's use. Divine service once on all Sundays and usual holidays, and evening service during the summer months. The sacrament monthly; average of communicants, 42. About 12 children attend a Church Education school. The Protestant population is 107. The rentcharge of Athnowen is £318 15s.; of Kilnaglory, £243 15s. The land is worth £21, and the houses belonging to the Prebendary of Kilnaglory are worth £5 10s. 9d. Total value, £589 0s. 9d. with residence.

Edmond Lombard (eldest son of Rev. John Lombard, R. V. Kilshannig, Cloyne, q. v.), was ordained Deacon at Cloyne on 18th October, 1821, and Priest, also at Cloyne, on 14th April, 1822. From 1836 to 1847 he was R. V. Monamimy, Cloyne.

He married, in 1836, Elisabeth, dau. of John Longfield, esq. of Longueville, county Cork.

KINNEIGH.

1591. CORNELIUS DONATI appears as Vicar of Kinneigh. "Rectoria de Kineighe. Precent. et vicarii Chorales sunt rectores. Vic. ibm Cornelius donati. Exhibiti sunt tituli, Dominus deliberavit super iisdem." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.]

1615. EDWARD CLERKE, A.M., appears as V. Kinneigh. "Vicarii Chorales et Precentor sunt rectores. Vicarius Edrus Clerke, A.M., minister et predicator. Val. 9 li. per an. Ecclesia et cancella bene repantur cum libris." [R.V. R.I.A.] Clerke was also Dean of Cloyne, q. v.

1634. R. de Kenegh spectat ad Vic. Chorales et Precentor. Cork. Vicar, Edward Clerke. Val. 20 li. per an. [R.V. 1634.] Clerke is still Vicar in 1639. "Ecclesia bene et ornata, Curatus, Richard —." [V.B. 1639. D.R.]

1640. THOMAS HENSEY, V. Kilmichael, and Kinneigh. [F.F.]

16—? NICHOLAS WINTERBURNE, V. Kinneigh.

He was afterwards Treasurer of Ross, q. v.

1664. January 7. ROBERT GOLBORNE, V. Kinneigh, per deprivationem Nicholai Winterburne, clerici, per Convocationem apud Dublin, ob non confirmatam. [V.B. D.R. 1669.] On the same day he became V. Fanlobbush, and R. Ballymoney, q. v.

He appears 1666 to 1672. [V.B. D.R.]

1674. May 2. ISAAC MANSFIELD, V. Kinneigh, Fanlobbus, and R. Ballymoney. [F.F.] He was also P. Inskenny, q. v.

He appears 1674 to 1688. [V.B. D.R.]

1682. "The church of Kineigh to be repaired." [County Cork Grand Jury Presentments.]

1689. The vicarage is vacant. [V.B.]

1690 and 1691. Mr. JOHN FORTUNE appears as V. Kinneigh. [V.B.]

He became, in 1695, V. Glanbarrahan, Ross, q. v.

1692. April 11. ANDREW SYMES, A.B., V. Kinneigh, per mortem Mansfield. [D.R.] In 1695 he resigned, but in 1718 appears again as V. Kinneigh.

1695. Dec. 23. JOHN PATRICKSON, A.M., V. Kinneigh per cessionem Andrew Symes. [D.R.] He appears 1695 to 1717. [V.B. D.R.] He was also Precentor of Cloyne, q. v.

1699. A sermon once a fortnight at Kinneigh, by Mr. Patrickson. The church not in good repair. [V.B. 1699. D.D.]

"1699. About five miles to the west of Bandon, on the north side of the river, adjoining to the parish of Murragh, begins the parish of Kineigh. Near the river is Inniskean, a little market town, in the parish of Kineigh. The parish church of Kineigh stands three miles from Inniskean, to the north-west. Inniskean is the Earl of Corke's Estate.

"Kineigh: 30 plowlands in this parish. Half the tythes of 14 plowlands belong to the Chantor, half the other 16 to the

Vicars Choral. Kineigh Church is out of repair. Divine service once a fortnight at Inniskean, by Mr. Patrickson.

"Munday, May 27, 1700. I went to Kineigh; the parish church stands three miles distant from Ballimony to the N.N.W. The west end of the church is cover'd, but the wall-plates give way; the partition betwixt that part of the church which is cover'd and the east end, which is uncovered, is not plaister'd. A high round tower stands in the S.W. corner of the church-yard. A door was in the north side of the church, and, it is thought, opened into a vestry. 'Tis supposed this church was formerly a cathedral. The church-yard, being an acre, is well inclos'd with a stone wall. About 30 acres of glebe lie round the church of Kineigh. The country about Kineigh is indifferent coarse. Mr. Woods, and Mr. Ware, and Mr. Woodly live in this parish. Towards the north, at about a mile distance from the church of Kineigh, begins the parish of Inchigeulah. There is no church northward of Kineigh Church nearer than Maccomp, which is seven miles distant. Kineigh Church ought to be kept in repair, and divine service, at least, continued once a fortnight. Kineigh parish is worth to the Incumbent about fifty pounds per an. The lands of this parish belong chiefly to the Lord of Corke's brother. The country about Kineigh is indifferent coarse. But few Protestants live to the north of Kineigh. A stone is in the S.W. corner of the Church of Kineigh, counted very sacred, which the Irish solemnly swear upon. This church is accounted amongst the Irish very sacred. The Vicar's house, built with stone and thatch't, is standing, and there are the ruins of a barn and stable. There is a tradition amongst the Irish that formerly in the church-yard there was a well that had great medicinal vertues, and that the concourse of people being very chargeable to the inhabitants, they stop't it up. Half a plowland of Kineigh, lying near the church to the west, belongs to the Bishop of Corke, and contains about 60 English acres, indifferent coarse land. The Vicar of Kineigh has half the tithes of Kineigh. The Chantor of Corke has one rectory, and the Vicars Choral another. These two rectories are nearly equal in value." [Downes' Tour.]

1718. Nov. 6. Mr. ANDREW SYMES appears as V. Kinneigh. [V.B.] He was also Precentor of Ross, q. v.
1720. SAMUEL BROOME appears as V. Kinneigh. [V.B. D.R.] And he took a second collation on 15th Feb., 1731, on becoming Chancellor of Cork, q. v.
1768. Sept. 19. JOHN KENNEY, A.M., V. Kinneigh, per mortem Broome. [D.R.] In 1796 he became P. Kilbrogan, q. v.
1769. March 4. MICHAEL TISDALL, A.M., V. Kinneigh. [F.F.] In 1781 he became Archdeacon of Ross, q. v.
1781. June 8. STEPHEN BAGGS, A.M., V. Kinneigh. [F.F.] In 1782 he became R. V. Myros, Ross, q. v.

1782. April 1. MEADE SWIFT, A.M., V. Kinneigh. [F.F.] He took afterwards the name of Dennis, and in 1796 became a Vicar Choral of Cork, q. v.

1794. September 3. Armiger Sealy, Curate, and Edward Wood and Alexander Nicholls, Churchwardens, petition the Bishop to consecrate the new church, built near the foundation of the old church by the Commissioners of First Fruits; and it is accordingly consecrated same day, under the name of Christ Church. [D.R.]

1796. January 7. THOMAS KENNEY, A.B., V. Kinneigh. [F.F.] In 1801 he became P. Donoghmore, Cloyne, q. v.

1799. Sept 1. Kenney memorial for permission to build a glebe-house; and the Bishop approves on 15th Nov., 1800. [D.R.] The house was built, but no charge for it was ever made on his successors.

1801. Nov. 4. JOHN KENNEY, LL.D., V. Kinneigh. [F.F.] He was also P. Kilbrogan, q. v.

1815. March 10. ABRAHAM HAMILTON, A.M., V. Kinneigh, vacant by death of Kenney, and certified under £500 per annum in value. [D.R.]

1830. The Protestant population is 392.

1837. Kinneigh: a vicarage, with cure, 10 miles long by 6 broad, containing 13,539A. 2R. Gross population, 5,708. Two Curates employed, at stipends to the senior of £69 4s. 7½d. Brit., and to the junior of £75 Brit. per annum. Composition for vicarial tithes, £450; 45½A. of glebe, valued at 20s. per acre, £45 10s.; subject to visitation fees, 11s.; diocesan schoolmaster, £1 11s. Kinneigh glebe-house, built in 1798, under the old Acts, but at what cost unknown, as it was defrayed out of the private funds of the builder, without subjecting his successor to any charge on account of the house, which is reported to be unfit for residence, having been originally intended for offices. Incumbent is non-resident; he resides occasionally on his other benefice, but more generally at Florence Court, being domestic chaplain to the Earl of Enniskillen. One church, capable of accommodating 120 persons, built in 1790, at an expense of £461 10s. 9¼d. Brit., granted as gift by the late Board of First Fruits. No charge on the parish in 1832 on account of the church. Divine service is celebrated once on all Sundays and on the principal festivals. The sacrament is administered monthly and on the three great festivals. The rectorial, consisting of one moiety of the tithes, compounded for £450, are appropriate, and divisible in equal moieties between the Chantor and the Vicars Choral of the Cathedral Church of St. Finbarr's, Cork. [Parl. Rep.]

Abraham Hamilton, from 1801 to 1815, was R. Clonmany, Derry; from 1815 to 9th February, 1847, R. Kinneigh; and

from 1822 to 1856, Rector of the Union of Manorhamilton, in Kilmore diocese.

He died on 16th December, 1861, at 8, Rutland-square, Dublin, and desired to be buried in the vault of his family at Drumholm, county Donegal.

1847. Feb. 18. GODFREY CLARKE CHARLES WILLIAM SMITH, A.B., V. Kinneigh; certified net value, £305 18s. [D.R.]

1847. May 24. The old glebe-house and offices are condemned; and on 31st July, 1849, the Bishop certifies that Smith has expended £1,100 in erecting a new glebe-house, &c., and that the certified yearly value, exclusive of poor rates, is £400 per an. [D.R.]

1856. August 27. A new church, on new site, is consecrated under name of St. Bartholomew. [D.R.]

1860. G. Smith, Vicar; James Clarke, Curate. The church in order. The glebe-house is in good order, and the glebe is in Incumbent's use. Divine service twice on all Sundays during summer in the church, and once in winter, and on the usual holidays. Evening service during the winter months is held in the school-house. Sacrament monthly; average of communicants, 30; and on festivals, average 68. 72 children are on the rolls of two Church Education schools. The Protestant population is 341. The rentcharge is £337 10s. The land is worth £45 10s. Total value, £383 per annum, with residence.

G. C. C. W. Smith (youngest son of Rev. Charles Smith, V. Kilmocamoge, q. v.), was ordained Priest at Cloyne on 10th June, 1827.

On 19th May, 1830, he was licensed to the curacy of Kilmecn. He is married, and has issue.

KINSALE.

1291. "Eccia de Kesaly IIInr." [Tax. P. Nic.]

1377. PHILIP BARRY, Vicar of the Church of Kinsale, is mentioned. [Tuckey, C. R., p. 27.]

1383. January 28. The King committed to John Horsington, Proctor of the house of Saints Peter and Paul, Bath, the custody of the profits of the Rectories of Kinsale, S. John Evan, in the *fairgh*, near Cork, and of Legan (Castlelyons), in county of Cork. [Tuckey, p. 30.]

1406. JOHN NUGENT is presented to V. Kinsale. [Pat. Rot. Hen. VII.]

1412. RICHARD PELLYN is presented to V. Kinsale. [C.R.O. 13 Hen. IV.]

1446. January 3. "DOMINUS HENRY GLASSANE, Vicar de Kynsale," is witness to a deed. [Sarsfield and Tyrry MSS.] He is also a witness to a deed in 1447. [MSS. penes R. Caulfield.]

1488 to 1498. DOMINUS PHILIP COPENER, son and heir of Richard Copener, is Vicar of Kynsale. [Sarsfield and Tyrry MSS.]

1528. October 28. "DOMINUS JACOBUS CURSY vicarius, et DOMINUS WALTER YONG, Rector de Kinsale," are witnesses to a deed of above date. [MSS. penes R. Caulfield.]

1545. Dec. 7. THOMAS BARNARDE is presented to V. Kinsale, "upon the backe of Yoghull," in the diocese of *Limerick*, in the presentation of the Crown, "pleno jure." [Morrin's Pat. and Close Rolls, p. 110.]

He was Rector of Old Rosse, Ferns dioc. from 1541, January 2, to 10th Nov. 1545. [Pat. Rot. Morrin, vol. i. pp. 83 and 110.] On 1st August, 1558, he was presented by Crown to V. Ballynestellock, in the diocese of Kildare. [Morrin, vol. i. p. 402.]

1552. May 12. RICHARD BARRETT, Chaplain, is presented to V. Kynsale, in the diocese of Cork. [Pat. Rot. Morrin, vol. i. p. 282.]

1557/8. January 20. Geoffrey Galway, Burgess of Kinsale, makes his will, in which he directs his body to be buried in the chapel of the B. V. Mary, in the parish church of Kinsale, which he had erected. He bequeaths, among other legacies, 40*d.* to Thomas Gerode. [Pat. Rot. Morrin, vol. i. p. 445.]

1558. Oct. 31. THOMAS GERROD is presented to the Rectory of St. Milock of Kynsale, in the diocese of Cork. [Morrin, vol. i. p. 402.]

He was also R. Ringrone. He died in 1571.

15—? STEPHEN SERRET, Vicar of Kinsale, died in 1571.

1571. Sept. 27. DAVID ROCHE, "Scolar," is instituted "ad vicariam Eccle: Sancti Ayultose de Kynshall nunc vacantem de jure et de facto per mortem dni Stephani Serret ultimi incumbentis ibidem." The mandate to induct is signed by Magister Patricius Roche, Archdeacon of Cork and Cloyne, and Magister Andrew Skiddie, Armiger, the Commissaries of Dominus Richard Dixon, the Bishop, who is absent. The induction is made by Eugenius dali, the deputy of the Archdeacon. The record of this institution is written on a mere rag of paper, and is nearly destroyed. There is mention of a dispensation "in defectu cetatis" and for non-residence, in this document. [First Book of Cork Reg.]

1579. July 20. DOMINUS JOHANNES EGERTON, a Presbyter of the diocese of Dublin, is collated to the Vicarage perpetual of the parish church of St. Multose, Kinsale. [D.R.]

1591. "Rectoria de Kinsale spectat ad Prior Bath. JOHANNES NASH, V. de Kinsale et V. de Inishonan citatus." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.] In another part of same MS. ROBERT STURTON, the Dean of Ross, is Vicar.

1613. Nov. 15. RICHARD OWEN is admitted P. Kilnaglory, R.

Taxax, and V. Kinsale, and P. Donoughmore, Cloyne. [R.V. 1634.]

1615. Kinsale, residens. Rex est Rector. Dominick Roch, firmarius, tenet. Spectat ad Abb. de Bath in Anglia. Val. 5 li. per annum. Ecclesia repata, cancella in repatione. Vicarius Richardus Owen ipse inservit curæ, parvi valoris. [R.V. R.I.A.] Oweu was also P. Kilnaglory, q. v.

1629. Sept. 6. JOHN JOHNSON, V. Kinsale. [F.F.] He was collated on 16th Oct. and inducted 21st Oct. 1629. [R.V. 1634.]

1634. R. de Kinsale Rex est Rector. Val X li. per an. Vicarius John Johnson, Predicator. Val. X li. per an. Epus confert. [R.V. 1634.]

John Johnson, A.M., was ordained Deacon and Priest by Lancelot, Abp. of Dublin, on 24th June, 1622. From 1627 to 1634 et seq. he was R. V. Aghinagh, Cloyne; from 1629 to 1637 he was V. Kinsale. From 1634 to 1637 he held R. Taxax. He was presented to V. Killery and Killennmery, Ardagh, in 1629, and also in 1639 to V. Athenry, Tuam. [Lib. Mun.] From 1632 to 1637 he also held V. Moviddy.

1637. October 13. JONAS STEWELL, Vicar de Kinsale. [F.F.] He appears in 1639. "Ecclesia bene et ornata." [V.B. 1639. D.R.] He appears up to 1668 in the Visitation Books. [D.R.] Stewell, or Stawell, was also Archdeacon of Ross, q. v.

1669. July 23. THEODORE VESEY, R. V. Kinsale, and R. V. Rincurran, vacant per mortem Jonæ Stowell. [V.B. 1669. D.R.] In 1676 Vesey was P. Kilnaglory, q. v.

The King is patron of the rectory, and the Bishop of the vicarage. [V.B. 1670.] In 1674 "Vesey est in Anglia." [V.B. D.R.]

1682. Sept. 11. RICHARD LAPP, A.M., V. Kinsale. [F.F.] He appears 1682 to 1685. [V.B. D.R.] In 1688 he became Archdeacon of Cork, q. v.

1686. June 11. JOHN TOM, A.M., V. Kinsale, per cession of Lapp. [D.R.] He appears 1686 to 1717. [V.B. D.R.] In 1693 he was also P. Desertmore, q. v.

When James II. landed in Kinsale, "the Vicar of Kinsale was among those who went to pay their duty; he was presented by the Bishop of Chester, and was not ungraciously received." [Macaulay, Hist. Eng. iii. p. 170.]

"1699. At Kinsale the water is about 200 yards broad. On the west side of the river is the old fort, on the top of the hill; it is now neglected. There is a small block-house at the point of the same hill, with about seven embrasures, near high-water mark, and a little store-house in it, but no guns. The new fort is about a quarter of a mile below the block-house, on the east side of the river. It has five bastions of stone—those two that look towards the mouth of the harbour, with the curtain betwixt them have many embrasures, with guns planted in

them. There are two tires of guns below the south curtain that faces the mouth of the harbour; the west curtain that looks across the water has one tire of guns below it. There are about 140 guns in all; 200 are designed. Several of the guns are off the carriages, and the carriages are laid up. There is a hill on the east of the fort, within 200 yards; it overlooks the fort. One of the bastions which looks towards the land is call'd the cittadell, and is enclosed on the inward side towards the fort. The channel runs within 100 yards of the new fort. There is a sort of a barr a little below the new fort, so that first and second rate ships can't well pass, unless it be at high water. The old head of Kinsale is the extreme point of land on the west side of the water. Pallisados, at the foot of the walls of the new fort, towards the land, were made in King James's time; pallisados on the counterscarp were made about the year 1694. The walls of the fort that face towards the land were not well made, the inside being nothing but rubbish, viz., the walls towards the land. The English, in 1691, attack'd the fort on the east side; they beat down the N.E. bastion from a battery plant'd on the side of the hill, at about 200 yards distance. Lord Marleburrough, after thirteen days' siege, had it surrendered to him by Sr. Ch. Cotter." [Downes' Tour.]

1718 to 1729. Nov. 6. EMMANUEL HUNGERFORD appears as Vicar of Kinsale. [V.B. D.R.] He was also P. St. Michael's, q. v.

1720. Thurston Haddock, esq. of Kinsale, leaves £5 to the Protestant poor of Kinsale. [D.R.]

1730. Sept. 14. JOHN JEPHSON, A.B., V. St. Multose, Kinsale, per mortem naturalem Emanuelis Hungerford. [D.R.] In 1735 Jephson became Archdeacon of Cloyne, q. v.

1736. July 5. SAMUEL WOODROOFFE, A.M., V. Kinsale, per cession of Jephson. [D.R.]

Woodrooffe became, in 1762, Precentor of Cork, q. v.

1741. March 26. WILLIAM READER, A.M., V. Kinsale. [D.R.] In 1745 he became Archdeacon of Cork, q. v.

1745. April 4. PERCY MEADE, A.M., V. Kinsale. [F.F.]

Percy Meade (son of Dominick, Archdeacon of Cloyne, q. v.), was born in county Tipperary, and educated in Dublin by Dr. Sheridan. When seventeen years old he entered T.C.D. as Pensioner, on 3rd January, 1727. He subsequently graduated A.B. and A.M. In 1734 he was Curate of Kinsale, and in 1736 of Ballymartle and Dunderrow. From 1741 to 1745 he was V. Ballymodan.

He married Elisabeth (dau. of Henry Tonson, of Spanish Island, county Cork, by Elisabeth, dau. of Sir Richard Hull), relict of Major John Reading, who died in 1727. He had issue one daughter, Elisabeth, wife of John Rye, esq., of Rye Court, county Cork.

1747. August 26. BARTON PARKINSON, D.D., V. Kinsale, per mortem Percy Meade. [D.R.]

B. Parkinson (son of Richard Parkinson *generosi*), was born in Lancashire, and when nineteen years old entered T.C.D. as Pensioner on 26th May, 1724. He became a Scholar in 1728, and afterwards took the degrees of A.B. A.M. and D.D. He was licensed to the Curacy of St. Peter's, Cork, on 5th October, 1734, and in same year was appointed Surrogate.

Dr. Parkinson was twice married; by his first wife he had (I think) no issue. He married, secondly, Ellen, dau. of Michael Goold, esq., of Jamesbrook, and had issue by her a son, Thomas, who died in 1746; and two daughters, Jane and Sarah. Dr. Parkinson died in 1758, and in his will desired to be buried with his children, six foot deep in the north-east corner of St. Peter's church-yard, in Cork. His daughter, Sarah, was the administrator to his will; and Jane was wife to William Hill, esq., of Cloyne, father of Henry Hill, esq., of Cork, architect.

1758. Sept. 14. RICHARD FARMER, A.M., V. Kinsale, per mortem Parkinson. [D.R.] In 1762 he became P. Dromdaleague, q. v.

1762. Dec. 11. MATTHIAS SPREAD, A.M., V. Kinsale. [F.F.]

1767. In this year Lord de Clifford endows a classical school at Kinsale with £50 per annum, and also a large house, which was formerly the residence of Mr. Southwell, his ancestor. [D.R.] The school premises thus granted were estimated in 1858 as worth £41 2s. per annum, and the income from land was £27 13s. 10d. The state of the school generally was unsatisfactory. [Parl. Rep.]

Matthias Spread was son of William Spread, esq., who, in 1702, obtained a conveyance from the Trustees of Forfeited Estates of half a plowland, 131A. 2R. 16P. of the town and lands of Ballycaneen, in the North Liberties of Cork, at a rent of 8s. 10d. Matthias was born at Ballycaneen; and when eighteen years old entered T.C.D. on 20th May, 1727, and became a Scholar in 1729.

He was nominated in 1734 to Rathcormack Curacy. In 1749, Sept. 18, he was licensed to be Lecturer at St. Anne Shandon; and in 1752 was licensed to the Curacy of St. Paul's. He held from 1762 Kinsale, and from 1769 the V. Ballyfeard in addition, until his death in 1771.

He married, firstly, in 1738, Elisabeth Fitzgerald, of St. Peter's, who died in 1749, in the end of May. He married, secondly, in January, 1750, Elisabeth Boiteau, widow, of the parish of St. Paul.

He left issue surviving by his second wife, Edward (V. Ahern, Cloyne, q. v.); and John, his youngest son, besides a daughter, Lucy-Ann, wife of a Mr. Wood.

1771. Feb. 19. THOMAS ADDERLY BROWNE, LL.B., V. Kinsale, per mortem Spread. [D.R.] He became, in 1774, Chancellor of Ross, q. v.

1780. Dec. 4. WILLIAM NOBLE, A.B., V. Kinsale, per cession of Browne. [D.R.] In 1796 he became V. Holy Trinity, Cork, q. v.

1796. June 6. HENRY JONES, A.B., V. Kinsale. [F.F.] He became, in 1805, V. Lislee, Ross, q. v.

1799. July 27. SAMUEL BEAMISH, A.B., V. Kinsale. [F.F.]

1807. Beamish is non-resident. [Rep.]

1811. The Bishop approves of a memorial to build a glebe-house at Kinsale; and in September, 1812, he certifies for an outlay of £866 1s. 10½d. (portion of which was advanced by First Fruits); and that the yearly value of Kinsale is £175. [D.R.]

Samuel Beamish, of Mount Beamish, county Cork, was ordained Deacon on 16th October, 1774, and Priest on 24th August, 1777. He was licensed to the Curacy of Templebryan, in Ross, on 30th August, 1775. He held Kinsale from 1799 to 1826, when he resigned in favour of his son.

He married Mary (dau. of Joshua Hamilton, by Mary, dau. of Sir Richard Cox, of Dunmanway), by whom he had issue, *inter alios*, Mary, wife of Rev. R. F. Webb, of Caheragh; and Henry Hamilton Beamish, R. Taxax, q. v.

1826. April 4. HENRY HAMILTON BEAMISH, A.B., V. Kinsale; certified under £200 per annum in value. [D.R.] In 1829 he became R. Taxax, q. v.

1830. The Protestant population was 1,070.

1832. July 6. JAMES THOMAS BROWNE, A.B., V. Kinsale, vacant by resignation of Beamish. [D.R.]

1837. Kinsale, a vicarage, with cure, 1½ miles long by ½ broad, containing 550 acres. Gross population, 6,897. No Curate employed. Minister's money, £80. Composition for vicarial tithes, £16 11s. 3d. Three acres of glebe, worth £7. Pew rents, £12; surplice fees, £7. Subject to 17s. 4d. visitation fees; and £2 5s. for diocesan schoolmaster. The glebe-house was built under the old Acts, in 1811, at cost of £784 12s. 3¾d. British, whereof £461 10s. 9¼d. was a gift, and £323 1s. 6½d. a loan from First Fruits. Of the loan, £101 was chargeable on the benefice in 1832, repayable by annual instalments of £5 19s. Exclusive of the monies aforesaid, it is reported that the builder expended £184 12s. 3d. British, and the present Vicar £50, British, on the premises, without having any charge on their successors. Incumbent is resident in the glebe-house.

One church, capable of accommodating 1,200 persons, but so ancient that the date and cost of erection are unknown. No charge on the parish in 1832 on account of the church. Divine service twice on all Sundays, besides a third service on the first Sunday in every month; service also twice a week, and on principal festivals. The sacrament is administered twice

each month from Easter to October, and on Christmas Day, Easter Day, Whit Sunday, and once a month during remainder of year. The rectorial tithes, consisting of one moiety, are compounded for £16 11s. 3d. They are impropriate, and belong to Thomas Cuthbert Kearney, esq.

James Thomas Browne (son of Henry Browne, esq. of Ballinvoher, near Farrahy, by Isabella, dau. of William Galwey, esq., of Mallow), was born at Mallow on 15th July, 1803, and graduated A.B. T.C.D in 1826, M.A. in 1832, and in 1841 became A.M. of Cambridge. He was ordained Deacon on 10th June, and Priest 23rd Dec. 1827, both at Cloyne. He was Curate of Raham, Cloyne, in 1827, and of Kinsale in 1828. From 1832 to 1838 he was V. Kinsale, which he resigned on 10th Dec. 1838. He was Incumbent of St. Edmund's, Northampton, in 1846.

He married, in November, 1834, Martha, dau. of John Abbott, esq. of Cork, by whom he had issue two sons. He married, secondly, Sarah Elisabeth, dau. of General Greenstreet, H.E.I.C., and has issue five sons and four daughters.

1838. Dec. 20. WILLIAM ROBERT MEADE, A.B., V. Kinsale. [D.R.]

W. R. Meade (eldest son of Robert Meade, Rector of Ballymoney), was ordained Deacon at Cloyne on 29th Sept. 1819, and Priest at Cork on 20th May, 1821, on letters dimissory from Cloyne. From 1826 to 1839 he was R. Templemichael de Duagh; and from 1839 to his death, on 21st of May, 1852, he was V. Kinsale.

He married Margaret, dau. of Richard Lewis, esq., by whom he had no issue.

1852. June 2. RICHARD GRAVES MEREDYTH, A.B., V. Kinsale; certified yearly value, £128 4s. 8d. [D.R.] He obtained, on 10th Oct. 1853, £132 9s. 16d. dilapidations, against his predecessor. [D.R.] In 1861 he became R. Knockavilly, q. v.

1856. Dec. 31. JOHN WRIGHT HOPKINS, A.B., V. Kinsale; certified yearly net value, £89 12s. 1d. [D.R.]

1860. St. Multose, Kinsale. The church, &c., in good order. The glebe-house is in good repair. Two acres of glebe let. Divine service twice on all Sundays, and once on Wednesdays and festivals. Sacrament monthly. The average of communicants is from 90 to 150. 21 boys, 19 girls, and 25 infants attend the schools, which are supported by subscriptions, and managed by trustees. The Protestant population is 700. The net annual income of Kinsale is returned as £82, with residence. The rentcharge is £12. The land is worth £4. £55 4s. 10d. is paid as Minister's money, and the remainder is from other sources. Since the vacancy of Taxax parish (1863) a union of that small parish to Kinsale has been under the consideration of the Privy Council.

J. W. Hopkins was ordained Priest at Cork on 3rd June 1849. He is married, and has issue.

KNOCKAVILLY.

1291. "Eccia de Cnocbile Xmr." [Tax. P. Nic.]

1591. RURIUS FLIN appears as Rector of Knockavilly. "E. de Cnocknovilly, Rurius flin, incumbens respicitur in prox. protitulis." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.] In another part of same visitation book, Roger Flynn, "rector de Knocknoville" is deprived "propter acceptacionem rectoriæ de Kilboynan." Flynn was also V. Kilbrogan.

1615. EDWARD BEECHER appears as R. Knockavilly, and P. Kilbrittain, q. v. "Knockevely Rectoria integ. Edwardus Becher, studii gratia, inservit curæ. Val. 10 li." [R.V. 1615.]

1617. March 16. JOHN BRADISHE, P. Kilbrittain, and R. V. Knockavilly, on letters patent of Feb. 27. [F.F. and Lib. Mun.] *Vide* Kilbrittain.

1621. April 5. RANDAL HOLLAND, R. de Knockenyvilly als Knockaveely. in Coll. Epi. [V.B. 1669.] In 1623 he became P. Killanully, q. v.

1634. Knockavilly is valued at 35 li. per an. "Comes de Muskerry, patronus." [R.V. 1634.] In 1639 "Ecclesia bene, desunt ornamenta." [V.B. D.R.]

1622 to 1810. Knockavilly was held in union with Brinny, q. v.

1810. August 21. WILLIAM LEWIS BEAUFORT, A.M., was admitted R. Knockavilly, and R. V. Brinny. He resigned Brinny in 1836, but retained Knockavilly till his death in 1849. He was also, from 1814, P. Cahirlag, q. v.

For the population in 1830, and for the statistics of the parish in 1832, *vide* Brinny.

1832. Nov. 8. W. L. Beaufort gives to Joseph Garde 13a. 2r. 30f. English statute measure, of the glebe lands of Knockavilly, in exchange for 19 acres English statute measure, of the lands of Raheen, which, lying near the site of the old ruined church of Knockavilly, are more suitable for any new church or glebe-house which may hereafter be built. [D.R.]

1834. April 14. An apartment in the house of Abraham Haynes, farmer, at Lissgrovin, is licensed for divine service. [D.R.]

1844. May 14. A new church on new site (built by Ecclesiastical Commissioners) is consecrated under the name of St. James. [D.R.]

1850. January 3. WILLIAM JOHNSON, A.B., R. Knockavilly, per mortem Beaufort; certified value, £458 8s. 6d. [D.R.] In 1861 Johnson became Chancellor of Cloyne, q. v.

1860. The church in order; no glebe-house; 45½ acres of glebe set to a farmer; Rector resides at Innishannon; divine service once on all Sundays and usual holidays in the church,

and evening service during summer in a licensed schoolhouse. Sacrament monthly; average of communicants, 19; and at chief festivals, average 28. 9 children are on the rolls of a Church Education school. The Protestant population is 68. The rent-charge is £468 10s.; the land is worth £43 10s.; the total value is £512 per annum, without residence.

1861. January 28. RICHARD GRAVES MEREDYTH, A.B., R. Knockavilly. [D.R.]

R. G. Meredyth (son of Thomas Meredyth, D.D., F.T.C.D., by Eliza, dau. of Dean Richard Graves), is a descendant of John Meredyth, who died in 1594, and who, with his brother Richard, Bp. of Leighlin, was buried in St. Patrick's Cathedral, Dublin.

He was a Scholar, T.C.D. in 1829, and was ordained Deacon on 13th August, 1837, and Priest on 24th Feb., 1838, both at Cork. He was some time Chaplain of the Foundling Hospital, Cork. In 1845 he was Curate of Rincurran. From 1852 to 1856 he was V. Kinsale, and from 1856 to 1851 P. Timoleague, Ross.

He married, in 1841, Maria, dau. of Thomas Johnston, esq., of Fort Johnston, county Monaghan, by Martha, dau. of Rev. Dr. Hingston, Vicar-General of Cloyne. His only son, Thomas Richard E. Meredyth, was accidentally killed by a gun-shot wound, at Fort Johnston, on 24th August, 1862, at the early age of eighteen.

LEIGHMONEY.

1291. "Eccia de Lachmoin Vmr." [Tax. P. Nic.]

1591. "THOMAS WOOD, Rector de Shanbally, and Vicarius Ecclesiarum respective de Rosbery Tisbury et Leighmony Corkagen. dioces, deprivatus beneficiis respective propter defectum sacrorum ordinum et pluralitatem beneficiorum." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.] In another MS. of same year THOMAS LEIGH is Rector and Vicar de Leighmony—"presentat—non admiss—Duo respex." Leigh appears as R. Rincurran. Woode was also P. St. Michael's, q. v.

1615. "Leighmoney residens. Rector et Vicarius, JOHANNES HONCHURCH, minister et predicator. Val. 3 li. per an. Ecclesia et cancella in ruinis. Tenet etiam R. Templemichael de Dowagh." [R.V. R.I.A.]

1617. June 10. STEPHEN VEIGHNING, R. and V. Leighmony [F.F.] He was also P. Currograngemore, Ross, q. v.

1634. Leighmony, R. and V. Stephen Veighning, predicator. Richard Roch fils. John patronus. Valet 20 li. per an. [R.V. 1634.]

1639. THOMAS BOYLE appears as R. Leighmoney. "Ecclia ruinata." [V.B. 1639.] He was, in 1629, V. Ardfield, and in 1630, V.

Timoleague, in Ross. He resigned in 1633 the R. V. Kilsilagh, in Ross. In 1632 he was V. Clondrohid, Cloyne. The most of above livings he vacated before 1639.

166—? JOHN BUTLER, R. Leighmoney, *vide* Kilbrittain.

1666. Vacant. [V.B.]

1667 to 1796. Leighmoney was held with Innishannon, q. v.

1796. March 3. On the death of Rev. Dr. St. John Browne, the Rev. Peter Foley is appointed Sequestrator of Leighmoney. [D.R.]

1796. May 11. James Kearney, esq., of Garretstown, withdraws his presentation of a Clerk to Leighmoney, having seen a paper which induces him to think himself mistaken with respect to his right of presentation to this benefice. [D.R.]

1796. Oct. 12. JOHN KINGSTON, A.B., R. V. Leighmoney. [F.F.]

1799. April 17. JOSEPH WRIGHT, A.M., R. V. Leighmoney, vacant by death of Kingston. [D.R.] He was also V. Aghadowne, Ross, q. v.

1806. Wright resides at Aghadowne. [Parl. Rep.]

1812. March 27. ALEXANDER KENNEDY, A.B., R. V. Leighmoney, *vice* Wright, who resigned on 21st March. [D.R.]

Alexander Kennedy was ordained Deacon on 29th of September, 1786, and Priest on 9th December, 1787, both at Cloyne, on letters dimissory from Cork.

From 1789 to 1826 he seems to have been Curate of the Holy Trinity, Cork.

From 1806 to 1812 he was P. Donoghmore, Ross, and from 1812 to 21st September, 1818, he was R. V. Leighmoney. He then resigned.

He married, on 20th June, 1789, Sarah O'Callaghan, who died on 24th January, 1817.

1818. Oct. 9. HENRY THEOPHILUS HODDER, A.B., R. V. Leighmoney, certified under £200. [D.R.] In 1826 he became Precentor of Cork, q. v.

1826. March 30. JOHN FORSAYETH, A.B., R. V. Leighmoney, certified under £200. [D.R.]

John Forsayeth was ordained Priest at Cloyne on 29th September, 1786.

He seems to have been Curate of St. Peter's, Cork, from 1783 to 1826. He held Leighmoney from 1826 to his death in 1828. He taught a school in Henry-street, Cork, for many years.

He was, in 1805, October 7, appointed Thresher's Lecturer, in Cork.

He was buried at St Nicholas, Cork, on 16th of September, 1828.

1828. Sept. 20. JOHN NASH WRIGHT, A.B., R. V. Leighmoney, certified under £200. [D.R.]

1829. Sept. 29. Wright memorial for liberty to reside at

Creaghe, paying £10 per an. for the occasional duties of this parish to Rev. Robert Halburd. The total value of Leighmoney is £110. He is licensed accordingly for three years non-residence, on 2nd March, 1830. [D.R.]

1830. Protestant population, 97.

1830. July 18. The present parish register begins.

1833. In May, an apartment, in the house of the steward of Captain Herrick, at Shippool, is licensed for divine service. [D.R.]

1837. Leighmoney: a rectory and vicarage, with cure, two miles long by one broad, containing 2,736A.; gross population, 855; one Curate employed for the occasional duties, at a stipend of £10 per annum; tithes composition, £110 Os. 5½d., subject to diocesan schoolmaster, 3s. 9d.; no glebe-house; Incumbent is non-resident; by permission of the Diocesan, he resides in the parish of Creagh; no church; divine service is performed once on all Sundays, in a school-house, with the Bishop's permission, and on Christmas Day and Good Friday; the sacrament is administered monthly, and on the festivals; the benefice is a rectory. [Parl. Rep.]

John Nash Wright (eldest son of Rev. Joseph Wright, V. Aghadowne, Ross, q. v.,) was ordained Deacon, at Cork, on 1st January, 1802, and Priest, at Cloyne, on 12th December, 1802, on letters dimissory from Cork, for the curacy of Tullagh and Creagh, in Ross. In 1806 he was Curate of Tullagh only, and afterwards he again became Curate of Creagh. Leighmoney being distant from his residence, and his health becoming impaired, he resigned it on 8th January, 1841. He received an address and testimonial of regard from the parishioners of Creagh on retiring from that curacy.

He married, on 22nd June, 1819, Horatio-Nelson (dau. of Thomas Stocken Triphook, esq., of Ballinadee, by his wife, Charlotte Vokes). He had issue by her nine sons (Joseph, Thomas, John, Thomas-Triphook, William, Robert, Richard, William, and Henry); and four daughters, Horatio-Jane, Maria-Sophia, Elisabeth-Margaret, and Charlotte-Helena.

1841. January 19. JOHN MEADE, A.B., R. V. Leighmoney. [D.R.]

1860. The church has been in ruins from time immemorial. No glebe-house; no glebe. Divine service once on Sundays, and on festivals, in a licensed school-house. Sacrament monthly; average of communicants, 9. Incumbent resides in his own house, within a short distance of the parish. 6 children attend a Church Education school. Protestant population, 34. The value of the benefice is £82, arising from rentcharge.

John Meade, eldest son of John Meade, Collector of Customs at Kinsale (who was son of Rev. William Meade, Rector of Rincurran), by Alice, dau. of Rev. Chamber Corker, P. Cahirlag, was born 26th July, 1792, and was educated at Rev. Dr.

Coghlan's school, at Glanmire. He obtained two classical premiums in T.C.D., where he graduated A.B. in 1813.

He was ordained Deacon on 24th Dec., 1815, at Cork, and Priest, in January, 1819, also at Cork.

He was, in 1815, Curate of Templemichael; in 1818, of Ballymartle; and in 1833, of Leighmoney.

He married, on 26th July, 1816, Sarah, dau. of George Wood, esq., and has issue three sons, John, Richard-William, and Edward-Southwell; and two daughters, Eliza and Alice-Corker. The Rev. John Meade is the possessor of the family estate of Ballintobber.

LISCLERY.

1291. Ecclesia de Lystlerith is rated at 8 marks. [Tax. P. Nic.]

1332. This Prebend was founded by John de Ballyconingham, Bishop of Cork. It was anciently named Sanctæ Brigidæ de Lisly Clerigy. One Meagh, or O'Mide, anciently presented to it. Taxed in K. B. at £3. Proxy, 6s. 9d. [Smith's Cork, vol. i. p. 64.]

1502. The advowson of St. Nicholas de Lysinclery is given to the church of the Holy Trinity, Cork, for the augmentation of divine service, by James Myagh, the Patron. I give the deed entire. "Sciant presentes et futuri quod Ego Jacobus Myagh, civis civitatis Cork, verus patronus Ecclesiæ prebendalis Sti. Nicholai de Lysinclery Cork. dioc., dedi, &c. in puram et perpetuam elemosinam Ecclesiæ prebendali Stæ Trinitatis infra muros Cork, duas acras terræ cum pertinentiis in tenemento de Lysinclery unacum advocacione juris patronatus dictæ Ecclesiæ Lysinclery—Habendum, &c. dictæ ecclesiæ in augmentationem divini cultus in eadem ecclesia in perpetuum de capitalibus dominis feodi per servicia inde debeta, &c. ita quod toties quociens contingeret rectoriam Sancti Nicholai vacasse, quod quatuor legales homines de probioribus dictæ ecclesiæ, parochianis nomine ipsius ecclesiæ unum dignum presbyterum aut clericum ad rectoriam prefatam presentabunt, in eadem ecclesia deservire, &c. In ejus rei testimonium sigillum meum cum sigillo maioratus Cork civitatis officii presentibus duxi apponendum. Datum apud Cork X die Octobris Anno Dni. millesimo quingentesimo secundo. Testibus Edmundo Goull, maiore Cork—Georgio Roche, burgense—Dno Mauricio Whitt, Ricardo Sydda et aliis." [Caulfield MSS.]

1591. ROGER SKYDDY appears as Prebendary, and THOMAS WOODS as Vicar of Lisclery. Skiddy is also "R. particule de Liscornan." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.] In another part of this visitation book,

- Skiddy is called "Rector de lesclerie et Rector Seti nichli de liscery." Of Thomas Wood, it is noted, "nihil exhib—privat.—comit. custod. mar." This means, I suppose, that Mr. Wood had neither orders nor titles to produce, and that he was deprived and given into custody for some misconduct.
1615. June 2. MARCUS PAGETT, P. Lisclery, R. Ballymartle, and V. Ballyfeard. [F.F.] He was afterwards Dean of Ross, q. v.
1615. "Liscleary Prebenda; non-residens. Rector Mark Paget, minister et predicator. Val. 20 marcarum. Ecclesia et cancella in ruinis. Vicarius Nicholas Bright, minister et predicator." [R.V. R.I.A.]
- Nicholas Bright was ordained Deacon and Priest by John, Bishop of Gloucester, in 1600. From 1611 to 1614, Bright was R. Rathclarin, and from 1611 to 1615, R. Ballymartle. From 1615 to 1617 he was V. Lisclery. In 1615 he is found also as Treasurer of Killaloe, and Vic. Choral of Limerick; and on 17th October, 1629, he is admitted V. Drumcliffe, als Gromath, in Killaloe.
- Bishop Ryder gives Bright the character of "a minister and preacher, a man of good conversation."
1617. July 19. RICHARD SUTTON was admitted Vicar of Lisclery, and P. St. Michael's, q. v.
- 16—? NICHOLAS HALL, Preb. and Vicar of Lisclery. In 1619 he became Treasurer of Ross, q. v.
1626. Oct. 20. CHARLES COLDWELL, Preb. Lisclery, per cessionem Nicholai Hall. [R.V. 1634.]
1634. P. Lisclery, Charles Coldwell, Predicator. Val. 15 li. per an. Vicarius Nicholas Hall. Val. XII. li. per an. [R.V. 1634.]
- Charles Coldwell, literatus, was ordained Deacon on 31st of March, 1625, and Priest on 28th of June, 1626, both by Michael, Bishop of Waterford and Lismore.
- In 1626 he was P. Lisclery, and R. Bohillane and Kilmahon, in Cloyne; in 1628 he was Vicar Choral, Cloyne; and in 1631 he was also V. Ballygourney, Cloyne. He held most of these livings in 1634.
1634. Feb. 1. JOHANNES BINNS, V. Lisclery. [F.F.] He was, in 1641, Treasurer of Cloyne, q. v.
- In 1639, Charles Coldwell appears as P. and John Binns, as V. Lisclery—"Ecclesia bene, desunt ornamenta." [V.B. D.R.]
- 1640, circa. BRIAN ROCH was admitted V. Lisclery. [F.F.]
- From 1637 to 1640, or 1639, Roch was R. Ardnegihy, and V. Ballyvourney, Cloyne.
1661. Lisclery is vacant. [V.B.]
1662. July 24. ROGERUS BOYLE admissus ad Præbendam de Lisclerie et ad vicariam ejusdem. [F.F.]
- In a few months Boyle became Dean of Cork, q. v.

1663. May 1. PETER MANBIE, P. and V. Lisclery, als Lesley-Clerigge, and R. Ardnegihy, and V. Cannaway. [F.F.]
- Peter Manby, besides his preferment in Cork, held from 1660 to 1661, a minor canonry in St. Patrick's, Dublin, and from 1666 to 1670 was Chancellor of St. Patrick's. In 1670 he became First Canon of Kildare, and in 1672, Dean of Derry.
1681. Dec. 19. John Graham informs the Archbishop of Canterbury that the Archbishop of Dublin "dyed this day;" and recommends the translation to Dublin of the Bishop of Kilmore and Ardagh, and that either Dean Manbie of Derry, or Dean Bladen of Dublin, be made Bishop of Kilmore, &c. [Rawlinson MSS. Oxon.]
- In 1688 Manbie was made an Alderman of Derry, and on 21st July, 1688, James II. granted him a dispensation to hold his deanery, notwithstanding his professing the Roman Catholic religion. After the battle of the Boyne he went to France; and died in London, 1697. *Vide* Cotton for a list of his works.
1666. Vacant. [V.B. D.R.]
1667. JOHN VEASIE appears as P. and V. Lisclery. [V.B. D.R.]
- On 3rd September, 1667, he was made Dean of Cork, q. v.
1668. Vacant. [V.B. D.R.]
1669. Oct. 26. THOMAS WILCOX, P. and V. Lisclery, per resignation of John Veasy. [V.B. 1669.] Wilcox appears at the visitation of 1670, and in 1671 became P. Brigowne, Cloyne, q. v.
1671. May. 15. GEORGE SING is admitted to P. V. Lisclery, als Liscleyclerigge, V. Inchigeelah, V. Kilmichael, and P. Inniscarra, and V. Mathea, in Cloyne. [F.F.] In 1674 he became P. Kilbrogan, q. v. He appears in 1671 and 1672, as P. and V. Lisclery. [V.B. D.R.]
1674. June 5. SAMUEL SING, P. and V. Lisclery, and P. Inniscarra, Cloyne. [F.F.] In 1677 he became P. Dromdaleague, q. v.
- He appears in 1674 and 1675. In the former year he is marked as "in Anglia, studendi gratia." [V.B. D.R.]
1676. Oct. 26. ROWLAND DAVIES, P. V. Lisclery, P. Inniscarra, and V. Grenagh. [F.F.] In 1710 he was Dean of Cork, q. v.
- He appears 1677 to 1706. [V.B. D.R.]
- "The Protestants go to Carrickgoline." [V.B. 1699. D.D.]
1706. Feb. 11. PHILIP TOWNSEND, A.M., P. and V. Lisclery. [F.F.]
- He was also V. Holy Trinity, q. v. He appears 1709 to 1734. [V.B. D.R.]
1735. August 23. BOYLE DAVIES, A.M., P. and V. Lisclery, per mortem Phil. Townsend. [D.R.]
- Boyle Davies, the second son of the Dean of Cork, was born "at Blarney Castle, 29th daie of December, 1683, at four minutes past eleven of the clock, afternoon." His godfathers were Capt. John Follitt and Alderman Thomas Kitchingham; his godmothers were Mrs. Margaret Singe and Mrs. Elisabeth Colthurst.

He entered T.C.D. as Pensioner on 14th Feb. 1698, being then sixteen years old. He became a Scholar in 1701, and subsequently graduated A.M.

He was P. Inskenny from 1710 to 1735, and from 1735 to 1763 was P. Lisclery. He also held from 1721 to 1763 the Rectory of Carrigaline. In 1713 he appears as Curate of Christchurch, Cork. He died on Wednesday, January 19, 1763. The freedom of the city of Cork was given to him by special grace on 23rd September, 1710.

Boyle Davies was author of "A Sermon preached at St. Peter's Church, in the city of Corke, on the 29th day of September, being the anniversary of the surrender of that city to the victorious arms of the great and glorious King William, of blessed memory, in the late happy revolution of these kingdoms in the year of our Lord 1690, and published at the special request of the loyal Corporation of that city, by the Reverend Boyle Davies, M.A., Corke. Printed by George Bennett, and are to be sold at his shop, 1720."

He married, firstly, in May, 1709, Mary Bond, of Christchurch, Cork, widow (she was dau. of Richard Travers, by Elisabeth, or Eleanor, dau. of Jonas Stawell, Archdeacon of Ross), and by her had issue four sons and six daughters, all of whom died young, or unmarried, save Mary, who was wife to W. Thomas Spiers, esq.

His second wife was Mary, dau. of Thomas Tuckey, esq. of Cork, and this marriage took place in April, 1724. By this lady he had issue, besides Boyle and Thomas, both clergymen, who died Sp. (*vide* Index), a third son, Richard (born 1731, died Sp. in 1755), and a fourth, Robert, M.D., who was born on 17th November, 1735, and died 5th September, 1789. This Robert married at Dublin, on 14th March, 1763, Jane, only dau. of Ven. Christopher Isaac, Archdeacon of Emly, and by her had issue (besides two sons, who died unmarried), Rev Boyle Davies (*vide* Index), and an only dau. Mary Jane, who married in 1795, her cousin, Rowland Morrison, of Tivoli House, county Cork.

1763. January 22. ISAAC GOLDSMITH, A.M., P. and V. Lisclery. [F.F.] He was also Dean of Cork, q. v.
1769. May 12. SAMUEL HALES, A.M., P. and V. Lisclery, *vice* Goldsmith, deceased. [F.F.] In 1770 Hales became P. Kilbrittain, q. v.
1770. Dec. 28. RICHARD PIGOTT, B.D., P. and V. Lisclery. [F.F.] In 1774 he became V. Holy Trinity, q. v.
1774. August 5. ROBERT AUSTEN, D.D., P. and V. Lisclery. [F.F.] He resigned for P. Kilnaglorry in 1777, August 23, and on 26th August, was appointed Sequestrator of Lisclery during its vacancy. [D.R.] He was afterwards Archdeacon of Cork, q. v.

1777. Oct. 7. WILLIAM WALLER, A.B., P. and V. Lisclery. [F.F.] He was second son of Samuel Waller, esq. of Newport, county Tipperary, the brother of Sir Robert Waller. [U.O.] He died in 1823, being also Rector of Maryboro', Leighlin.

1823. April 19. JOHN FORTESCUE, A.M., P. R. and V. Lisclery. [D.R.] 1824. The inhabitants of Barnahely and the eastern part of Lisclery are ordered to resort to the new church of Carrigoline. [D.R.]

1830. Protestant population is 89.

1833. May. 16. A slated house on the lands of Dromgorrihy in this parish was licensed for divine service. [D.R.]

John Fortescue was Chancellor of Cork from 1790 to 1823, and from 1823 to his death in August, 1833, he was P. Lisclery.

1834. Feb. 22. JOHN BUSTEED, A.B., P. and V. Lisclery, net value, £116 13s. 4d., arising from the rectorial tithes of Lisclery, which form the corps of the Prebend. The revenues of the vicarage amounting to £93 6s. 8d. for the vicarial tithes, are now appropriated by the Ecclesiastical Commissioners, the vicarage being suspended. [D.R.]

1837. Lisclery: a vicarage, with cure, 4½ miles long by 3 broad, containing 6,738A. 2R. 1¼P. Gross population, 2,804. One Curate employed for the occasional duties of this parish, at a stipend of £10 per annum. Composition for vicarial tithes, £93 6s. 8d. No glebe-house. Incumbent is non-resident; he resides in the city of Cork. No church. The rectorial tithes of this benefice, compounded for £116 13s. 4d., are appropriated to Lisclery prebend. N.B.—The vicarage is suspended. [Parl. Rep.]

1860. There is neither church nor licensed place of worship, nor divine service, nor glebe-house, nor school, nor parish clerk, nor register in this parish. The Incumbent is non-resident. The Protestant population is 32. The rentcharge is £87 10s. arising from the rectorial tithes.

John Busted was ordained Deacon on 10th of May, 1799, at Douglas, by the Bishop of Cork, and Priest on 1st Sept. 1799, at Cloyne, on letters dimissory from Cork. On 13th July, 1799, he was licensed to be Curate of Douglas, which cure he still holds along with this prebend.

LITTLE ISLAND.

1291. "Eccia de Insula XLs. vicar. capit dimid." [Tax. P. Nic.]
 15—? PHILIP SARSFIELD, Rector of Sti. Lappani de insula. He died circa 1582.
1582. July 5. DOMINICK SARSFIELD is admitted "ad rectoriam simplicem ecclie parochialis Seti Lappani de insula parva als Inishvicneyl Corcagen. dioc. vacantem per mortem PHILIPPI SARSFIELD ultimi incumbentis." [D.R.]
 He was inducted on July 9, 1582. This admission was on the presentation of the parishioners of the Holy Trinity, Cork, of which I give the copy entire.
- "Reverendo in Christo patri ac domino Matheo, Corcagen. et Clonen. Epō, aut vicariis generalibus Corcagen: parochiani Ecclie Sete Trinitatis, Cork, veri patroni rectorie simplicis ecclesie Seti Lappani de insula parva Corcagen. dioces. Saltem. Ad rectoriam prefatam jam de jure et de facto per mortem Philippi Sarsfield ultimi ibidem incumbentis vacantem, et ad nostram presentationem spectantem: Dilectum nobis in Christo Dominicum Sarsfield clericum indole et natalibus probum presentamus et presentatum fore volumus per presentes. Vestram paternitatem in Domino obsecrantis quatenus pfatum Dominicum, sic per nos presentatum et divini cultui in pfata nostra æde Sete Trinitatis frugi et utilem futurum, ad pdictam Rectoriam simplicem vestra auctoritate admittatis et admissum faciatis. In hujus presentationis testimonium sigilla nostra opposuimus et nomina subscripsimus. Dat Corcagie quinto Junii, 1582. Patrick Galwey, Maior; James Creagh, bailiff; Adam Goole, bailiff; Andrew Skiddy, recorder; William Tirry, James Hore, churchwarden; Philip Martell, Edmund Tirry, Christopher Galwey, Thomas Sarsfield, Morris Roch, David Tirry fitz Oliver, Robert Tirry Scoolemaster, Thomas fitz John, Charles Field, Patrick Gold, John Miaghe, frauncis Martell, Gerald Gold, James Roch, John flaygan, John Skiddy, Patrick Tyrry, John Skiddy, Dominick Meaghe, Ried. Pouch, William Goole fitz Walter, John pouch fitz Patrick, Piers Gold, Robert Coppinger, James Close, Dominick Gold, George Roch, Rd. Downy, John Verdon, David Nash, John Morrogh, Rd. Roch, James Morrogh." [Cork Registry.]
1591. ALEXANDER MEAGH or MEAD is Rector, and DAVID TIRRY is Vicar. "Rector insule pve. als Rector Sci lupani de insula, Alexander Meagh, respicitur in crast. idem Rector de Inishonan et contumax [deliberand] pro ejus amocoe nisi venit. Vicarius ibm David Tirry, interdicitur ut supra." (Vide Cahrlag). [M.S. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.]
1614. May 6. ISRAEL TAYLOR is presented "ad Rectoriam Insule parvæ" and R. V. Rathclarin. [Lib. Mun.] He was admitted

- on 6th of April, 1615, and inducted on 27th April, 1615, as R. Insule parvæ et R. V. Rathclarin, ex presentatione Regis Jacobi, dat. 6th March. [R. V. 1634.] He was Precentor of Cork, q. v.
1615. THOMAS BOURDEN (V. Kilbonane, q. v.) appears as Vicar, and TAYLOR as Rector of Little Island. "Rector, Israel Taylor, minister et predicator. Val. 7 li. Vicarius, Thomas Bourden, minister legens. Val. 3 li. Ecclia et cancella bene repantur cum libris." [R.V. R.I.A.]
 1634. R. de Insula parva; Israel Taylor, Rector. Rex est patronus. Val. X li. per an. Vicarius, Thomas Bourden. Epus patronus. Val. 5 li. per an. [R.V. 1634.]
1639. RICHARD BENNETT (Vicar Choral, Cork, q. v.) appears as Vicar, with TAYLOR still as Rector Insule parvæ. Ecclesia bene, desunt ornamenta." [V.B.]
- 16—? SAMUEL BONNER, R. V. Insule parvæ. He was also P. St. Michael's, q. v.
1667. P. R. and V. Insule parvæ, vacant per mortem SAMUELIS BONNER. [V.B. D.R.]
1668. JOHN BAYLEY appears as R. V. Insule parvæ, and as R. Kilcoan and Templeusky. [V.B. D.R.] On 11th July, 1669, he is instituted to R. V. Insule parvæ, per mortem Samuelis Bonner. [V.B. 1669.] He was also P. St. Michael's q. v.
1697. June 17. VALENTINE FRENCH, P. St. Michael's, R. Kilcoan, Templeusky, Kilroane, and R. V. Insule parvæ. [F.F.] In 1704 French became P. Killaspugnallane, and in 1717 Dean of Ross, q. v.
1699. Insula parva. "No churchwardens; 2 plowlands; one Protestant family—Alderman Rogers'; divine service and sermon once a fortnight; sacrament four times a year." [V.B. 1699. D.D.]
- "Oct. 1700. I saw the church in Little Island, built with stones and lime in good repair; there is a pulpit and desks, but no seats: a tomb in the church, belonging to the Courthy's family; the church is about 40 feet long and 20 broad; the church-yard inclos'd by a good stone wall; no glebe in this parish. 2 plowlands and a half in this parish; the lands belong to Major Clayton and the Solicitor-General, Brodrick. No inhabitants in this parish but Captain Wakeham and a dozen of Irish families. All the tythes of this parish belong to the Incumbent; they are worth about £12 per an. Mr. French preaches here once a fortnight, the other Sunday he does no duty in all his parishes. William Dooly is Popish Priest of this parish and Cahrlag, &c.; he lives in Carricktoghil; he has been many years in these parts." [Downes' Tour.]
1732. January 1. JEMMET BROWNE, A.M., P. Killaspugnallane et unam R. V. Cannaway, R. Kilcoan, Templeusky, Kilroan et R. V. Insule parvæ, per mortem Val. French. [D.R.] He was, in 1733, Dean of Ross, q. v.

1743. Nov. 5. ARTHUR ECHLIN is presented by Crown to R. V. Little Island, vacant by promotion of Jemmet Browne to the Bishoprick of Killaloe. [Lib. Mun. and D.R.]
Arthur, son of Rev. John Echlin, was born in Antrim; and on 18th March, 1724, entered T.C.D., being then nineteen years old. From 1743 to 1752, when he died, he was R. V. Little Island. Either this, or another Arthur Echlin, was licensed to the curacy of St. Peter's, Cork, on 5th September, 1751.
1752. Feb. 19. THOMAS BROWNE, A.B., R. V. Little Island, vacant by death of Arthur Echlin. [D.R.] Browne became Treasurer of Ross, and Precentor of Cork, q. v.
1762. May 13. SAMUEL HALES, A.M., R. V. Little Island, vacant by death of Thomas Browne. [D.R.] In 1770 he was P. Kilbrittain, q. v.
1769. May 12. CHAMBERE CORKER is instituted to R. V. Little Island. He was also P. Cahirlag and R. Rathcony. [D.R.]
From 1769 to present time the R. V. of the Little Island were held in union with Cahirlag Prebend, q. v.

MACLONEIGH.

1591. DERMITIUS LONG (Treasurer of Cork, q. v.), is V. Macloneigh. "R. de Cloineighe; Thesaur. et hospit. Morne sunt Rectores. Vic. ibm Dermicius Long." [MS. T.C.D. E. 3. 14.]
1615. JOHN BROCK (Treasurer of Cork, q. v.), appears as Vicar. "Clonegh. Mourne et Thesaurarius Rector. Vicarius Johes Brock. Curatus Willmus Healy, minister legens." [R.V. R.I.A.] Healy was also Chancellor of Cork, q. v.
1618. Jan. 20. John Brock, the Treasurer, receives the V. Macloneigh, et V. beatæ Mariæ de Shandon united to the Treasurership. [R.V. 1634.]
1634. Una R. de Cloneigh spectat ad Abb. de Morne. Cormack Donogh Carty firmarius. Brock Curatus. Val. 7 li. per an. Altera R. spectat ad Thesaurarium. Vic. ibm Johes Brock. Val. 7 li. per annum. [R.V. 1634.]
1637. Jan. 3. ROBERT KEMPE, V. Macloneigh and Moviddy. [F.F.] He appears in V.B. 1639 as "excusetur." [D.R.]
1640. Feb. 12. WILLIAM BEARDE, R. MacCloneagh and Moviddy. [F.F.]
1666. Vacant. [V.B. D.R.]
- 1667 and 1668. JOHN WEBB appears as V. Macloneigh. [V.B.] He was also Chancellor of Cloyne, q. v.
1669. October 29. RICHARD BROWNE, V. Macloneigh, Macromp, and Ballyvourney, vacant per desertionem Johis Webb. [V.B. 1669.] For Browne, vide Macroom, Cloyne. "Rectoria una de Macloneigh est particula Thesaur." [Ib.]

1694. In a list of churchwardens at the end of a V.B. of this date, is mentioned the churchwarden of Macloneigh "Robert Powell vulneratus a latronibus."
1699. "Two Protestant families; they go to Macromp, in Cloyne diocese." [V.B. 1699.]
- "Oct. 15. 1700. I saw Mackloneigh Church, near the river Lee, on the south side of it; the walls built with stone and lime, are standing uncover'd, about 60 foot long; the bounds of the church-yard are discernible, 'tis uncertain whether the inward or outward ditch. About 40 English acres of glebe lying round the church, belong to the Vicar; 'tis good land. No house near the church: Barry Swiney is Priest of this parish, and of Kilmichael. This church lies near the Lee, on the south side of the river; the town of Maclony is a mile distant towards the north-west. There are eight and a-half plowlands in this parish; all the lands were the estate of the Earl of Clancarty; for the most part good land; the Powels and about six families more of Protestants are in this parish. A proportion of the tythes of two plowlands in this parish, viz., of Killbarry and Killnaghrounagh, belongs to the Treasurer of St. Finbarry's; and 'tis said the proportion is half the said tythes. The monastery of Mourne Abby or Preceptory had the rest of the rectory; 'tis now enjoy'd by the Vicar, according to King Charles the Second's grant by the Act of Settlement. Farrenavaragan being half a plowland, containing at least eighty English acres, belongs to the Bishop of Corke. It lies contiguous to the glebe of Macloneigh; 'tis very good land, set by Mr. Warren, the Bishop's tenant, to Mr. Browne, for £9 per an.; it lies near the river Lee; half ye tithes of the lands of Coolcour and Slevins, lying on the north of the river Lee, belongs to the vicarage of Macloneigh. No churchwardens in this parish; there are generally no churchwardens in the parishes where the churches are out of repair; I left with Mr. Browne 7 "Tillotson's Sermons" and 12 small Prayer-books. No schoolmaster here, nor in Kilmichael, nor Inchigeelah, &c. Some people fancy that this was formerly a Bishop's see, but I could find no reason for any such belief."
- "Oct. 15. 1700. I saw Kilmichael Church, built with stone and lime, about 50 foot long, besides the west end which is divided by a wall; it looks like a house; the walls of the church are standing uncovered; the bounds of the church-yard are discernible; it lies south-west of Macloneigh, at two miles distance. About 6 English acres of glebe lie round the church, belonging to the Incumbent. About 24 plowlands in this parish; a great part of it indifferent good land. The Earls of Cork and Clancarty have the lands of this parish. Mr. Edward Jermin and about 7 families of Protestants more live in this parish; this parish is worth at least £40 per an. to the Incum-